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Iraq Index

Tracking Variables of Reconstruction & Security in Post-Saddam Iraq

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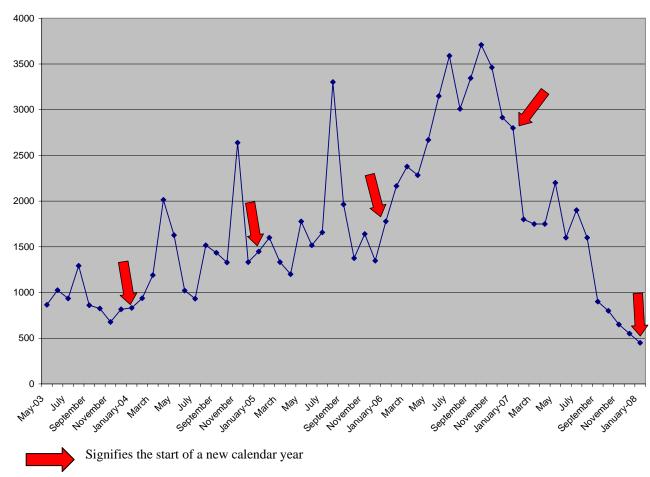
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TRACKING THE SURGE

ESTIMATED NUMBER OF IRAQI CIVILIAN FATALITIES BY MONTH, MAY 2003-PRESENT



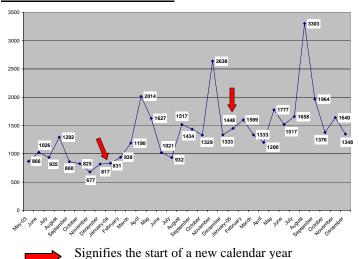
NOTE ON THIS GRAPH: See subset graphs on following page for exact monthly figures and explanations regarding sources and methodologies for various time periods.

NOTE ON OTHER CIVILIAN FATALITY ESTIMATE¹:

In its January 31, 2008 issue, *The New England Journal of Medicine* published a study carried out by the Iraq Family Health Survey Study Group in which they estimated the number of violent civilian deaths in Iraq from March 2003 through June 2006. Based on a survey of 1,086 household clusters throughout Iraq, they estimated that there were 151,000 such deaths during this period. Though monthly totals were not made available, the estimated number of deaths per day were broken into various time periods as follows: March 2003-April 2004, 128; May 2004-May 2005, 115; June 2005-June 2006, 126.

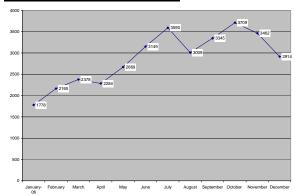
DETAILED EXPLANATION OF IRAOI CIVILIAN FATALITY ESTIMATES BY TIME PERIOD

MAY 2003-DECEMBER 2005²



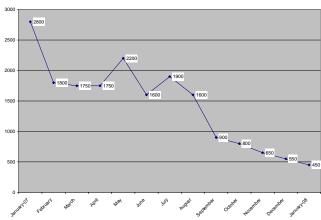
NOTE ON THIS GRAPH: In previous editions of the *Iraq Index*, attempts were made to distinguish between those civilian fatalities caused by acts of war and those caused by other violent means for this time period. These estimates have now been combined in order to provide a consistent comparison with subsequent years where it became evident that making such a distinction was not feasible. See endnote for more specific detail as to how these estimates were calculated.

JANUARY-DECEMBER 2006³



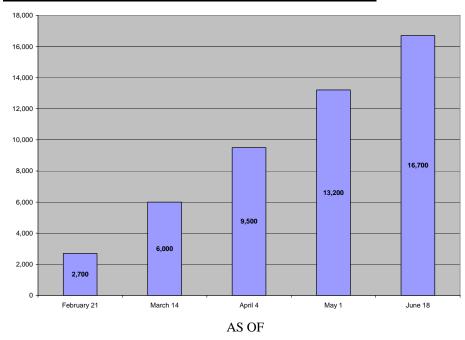
NOTE ON THIS GRAPH: Our estimates from January-December 2006 are based upon the numbers published in the UN Assistance Mission for Iraq, "Human Rights Report: 1 May–30 June, 2006" and subsequent reports. This data combines the Iraq Ministry of Health's tally of deaths counted at hospitals with the Baghdad Medico-Legal Institute's tally of deaths counted at morgues.

JANUARY 2007-PRESENT⁴

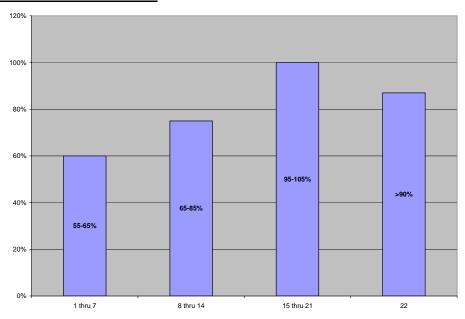


NOTE ON THIS GRAPH: Figures for January-August are approximations based on a graph presented by Gen. David Petraeus during Congressional testimony given on September 10-11, 2007 and reprinted in the U.S. Department of State's "Iraq Weekly Status Report" dated September 12, 2007. Updates for subsequent months have been provided by the U.S. Department of Defense.

NUMBER OF NEW U.S. TROOPS DEPLOYED TO BAGHDAD⁵



NOTE ON THIS GRAPH: According to Lt. Col. Carl Ey, as of March 1, 2007, there were a total of 10,000 U.S. troops deployed in all of Iraq as a result of the troop increase announced by President Bush in January 2007. Figures from previous months suggest that this represents a net increase of troops, with the total number in theater going from approximately 130,000 in mid-February to 141,000 in early March 2007.



NOTE ON THIS GRAPH: These figures refer to all Iraqi battalions that have been deployed to Baghdad. According to Gen. William Caldwell, the added contribution of Iraqi forces to Operation Fardh al-Qanoon (Enforcing the Law) in Baghdad is 9 battalions, all of which were in theater as of March 8, 2007.

CURRENT DISPOSITION OF COMBAT FORCES IN IRAQ

MULTI-NATIONAL DIVISION BAGHDAD

| 1st Brigade Combat Team (BCT), 1st Cavalry Division | 2 nd BCT, 2 nd Infantry Division |
|--|---|
| 2 nd BCT, 1 st Cavalry Division | 2 nd BCT, 82 nd Airborne Division |
| 2 nd BCT, 1 st Infantry Division | 4th BCT, 1st Infantry Division |

MULTI-NATIONAL DIVISION CENTER

| 2 nd BCT, 3 rd Infantry Division (Iskandirya) | 4 th BCT, 25 th Infantry Division (Iskandirya) |
|---|--|
| 3 rd BCT, 3 rd Infantry Division (Besmiya) | 31st Infantry Brigade [Georgia] (Kut) |
| 2 nd BCT, 10 th Mountain Division (Baghdad) | |

MULTI-NATIONAL DIVISION NORTH

| 3 rd BCT, 1 st Cavalry Division (N. Diyala) | 4 th Stryker BCT, 2 nd Infantry Division (Taji) |
|---|---|
| 4 th BCT, 1 st Cavalry Division (Mosul) | 3 rd BCT, 25 th Infantry Division (Kirkuk) |
| 3 rd Stryker BCT, 2 nd Infantry Division (Baquba) | 3 rd BCT, 82 nd Airborne Division (Tikrit) |

MULTI-NATIONAL FORCE WEST / II MARINE EXPEDITIONARY FORCE (Forward)

| 1st BCT, 3 rd Infantry Division (Ramadi) | Regimental Combat Team 6 (Falluja) |
|---|--|
| Regimental Combat Team 2 (Asad) | 13 th Marine Expeditionary Unit |

MULTI-NATIONAL DIVISION SOUTHEAST

| 1St M 1 ' 1D' 1 (D) | |
|------------------------------|--|
| | |
| 1 Mechanized Brigade (Basia) | |
| | |

MULTI-NATIONAL DIVISION CENTRAL-SOUTH

| Polish Battle Group (Diwaniyah) | |
|---------------------------------|--|
| | |

AS OF: August 15, 2007

U.S./COALITION FORCES

| Baghdad | 6 Brigades (24 Battalions) |
|---------------|----------------------------|
| | |
| Baghdad Belts | 6 Brigades (20 Battalions) |
| | |
| | |
| TOTAL FORCES | ~50,000 |

IRAQI SECURITY FORCES

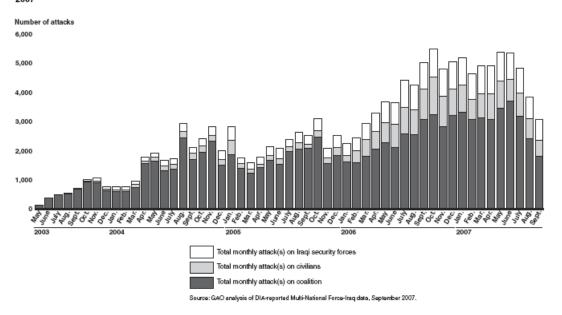
| TOTAL BRIGADES | 22 |
|------------------------|---------|
| DETAIL: | |
| Army Forces | 35,000 |
| National Police Forces | 19,000 |
| Local Police Forces | 25,000+ |
| TOTAL FORCES | 79,000+ |

AS OF: MAY 31, 2007

NOTE ON THIS TABLE: Figures reported by Gen. Ray Odierno during a press conference from Iraq. For Iraqi security forces, no distinction was made between those battalions operating within Baghdad and those operating in the surrounding "belts".

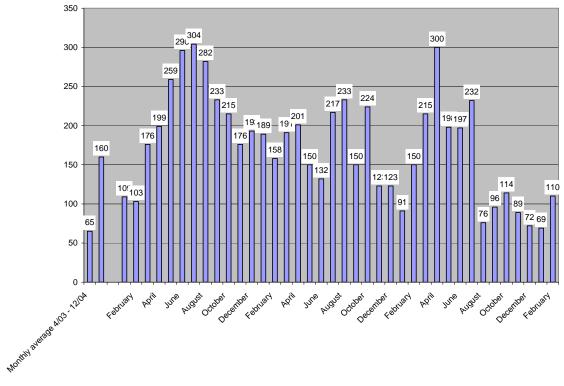
ENEMY-INITIATED ATTACKS AGAINST THE COALITION AND ITS PARTNERS 8

Figure 1: Enemy-Initiated Attacks against the Coalition, Iraqi Security Forces, and Civilians, May 2003 through September



NOTE ON ENEMY-INITIATED ATTACKS TABLE: The data for 2006 and 2007 does not separate attacks against Iraqi government officials from attacks against Iraqi civilians.

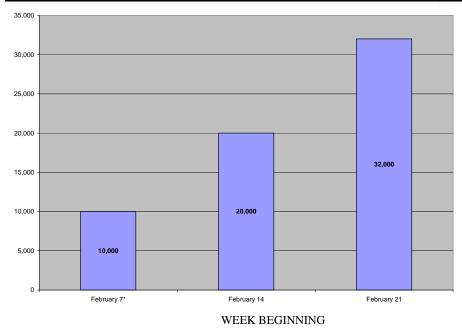
IRAQI MILITARY & POLICE KILLED MONTHLY⁹



Total June 2003 through February 27, 2008: 7,945

1,300 Iraqi military and police were killed between June 2003 and January 4, 2005 according to Iraqi Minister of Interior Falah Hasan Al-Naqib. "Iraqi Officers, Police Members Killed so Far Total 1,300," Kuwait News Agency (KUNA) January 4, 2005. Maj. Gen. Joseph Peterson, the top American police trainer in Iraq, noted through his spokesperson that 1,497 Iraqi police officers were killed and 3,256 wounded in 2005. Eric Schmitt, "2,000 More MPs Will Help Train the Iraqi Police," *New York Times*, January 16, 2006.

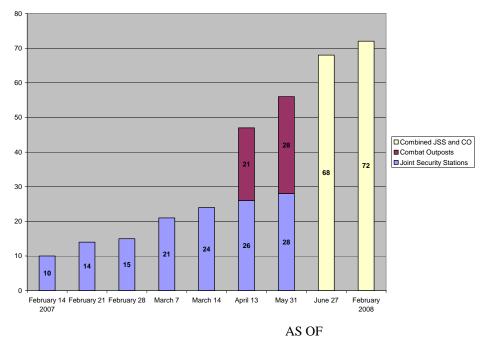
NUMBER OF PATROLS CARRIED OUT BY U.S. AND IRAQI FORCES (PER WEEK) 10



*This is the week before the start of Operation Fardh al-Qanoon (Enforcing the Law)

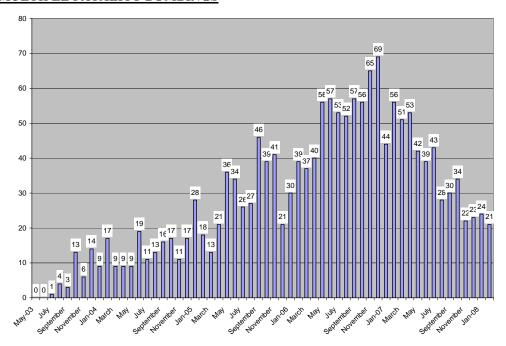
NOTE ON THIS GRAPH: According to Rear Adm. Mark Fox, "more than half" of the 32,000 patrols conducted the week beginning February 21 were conducted exclusively by Iraqi Security Forces and all were conducted "in and around" Baghdad.

$\frac{\text{NUMBER OF JOINT SECURITY STATIONS (JSS'S) AND COMBAT OUTPOSTS (CO'S) ESTABLISHED BY U.S.}{\text{AND IRAQI FORCES IN BAGHDAD}^{11}}$



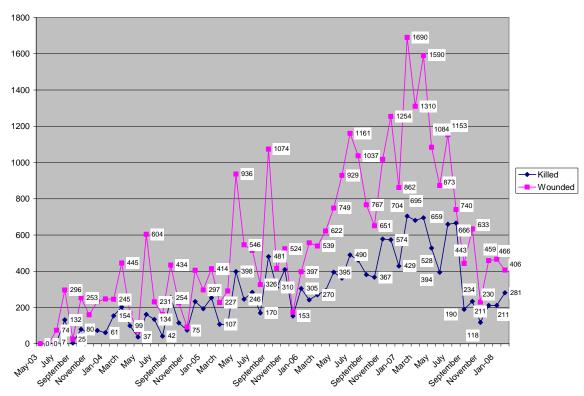
NOTE ON THIS GRAPH: Joint Security Stations (JSS's) and Combat Outposts (CO's) are security checkpoints to be set up in key strategic areas throughout Baghdad and manned 24 hours per day by elements of both U.S. and Iraqi security forces. As reported in the *New York Times* on March 16, 2007, the differences between them are that JSS's are manned with more forces (between 120 and 150) and are seen to be permanent, perhaps to be transformed into Iraqi police stations. As Operation Fardh al-Qanoon has progressed, official press briefings have increasingly reported the combined total number of JSS's and CO's.

MULTIPLE FATALITY BOMBINGS¹²



Total as of February 27, 2008: 1,669 (of which at least 602 (36.1%) were suicide bombings)

KILLED AND WOUNDED IN MULTIPLE FATALITY BOMBINGS¹³



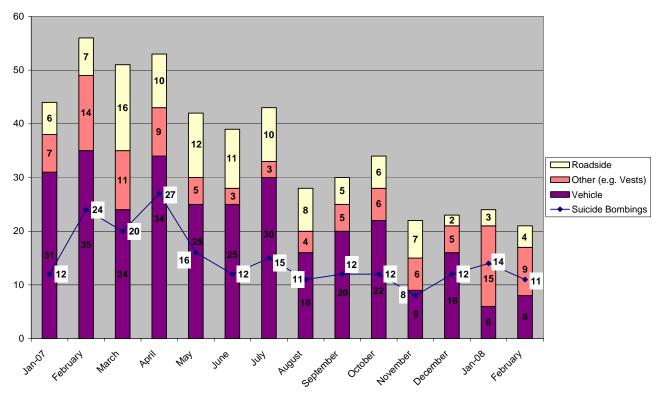
Total as of February 27, 2008:

Killed: 15,752 Wounded: 31,726

NOTE ON MULTIPLE FATALITY BOMBINGS AND KILLED AND WOUNDED IN MULTIPLE FATALITY

BOMBINGS TABLES: Included as data for these graphs are any bombings (including IEDs / roadside bombs) that caused at least three fatalities. The data on multiple fatality IED / roadside bombs are estimates and may have a margin of error of +/- one bomb and approximately five fatalities and five wounded.

MULTIPLE FATALITY BOMBINGS BY TYPE, SINCE JANUARY 2007¹⁴



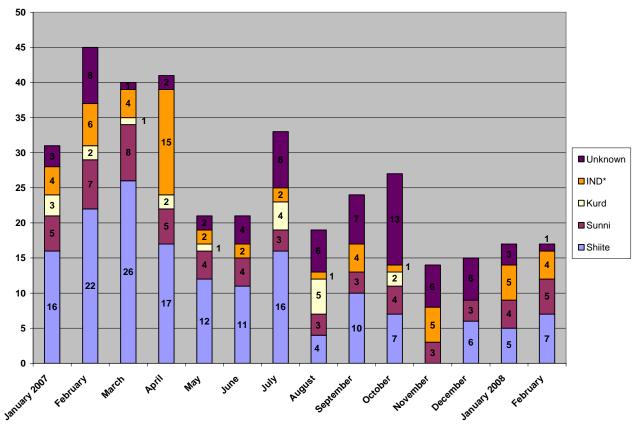
<u>Total from January 1, 2007 to February 27, 2008</u> NOTE ON THIS GRAPH: The count of suicide bombings refers to the ratio of the total represented by the bar graph, and should not be double-counted. In most cases, "Other" refers to suicide vest bombs but can also refer to bombs that do not fit into the other two categories, such as those left in trash cans, under market stalls, etc. By definition, "Roadside" bombs cannot be carried out by a suicide attacker.

DETAILED BREAKDOWN OF DEATHS ASSOCIATED WITH MULTIPLE FATALITY BOMBINGS IN IRAQ, SINCE LANUARY 2007¹⁵

| | Jan 07 | Feb | March | April | May | June | July | Aug | Sept | Oct | Nov | Dec | Jan 08 | Feb |
|----------------------|--------|-----|-------|-------|-----|------|------|-----|------|-----|-----|-----|--------|-----|
| IVILIANS | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Shiite | 285 | 459 | 493 | 413 | 180 | 180 | 326 | 61 | 70 | 40 | 0 | 68 | 32 | 113 |
| Sunni | 23 | 70 | 78 | 80 | 53 | 28 | 47 | 64 | 19 | 21 | 16 | 50 | 38 | 68 |
| Kurd | 28 | 11 | 30 | 24 | 22 | 0 | 134 | 411 | 0 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Indiscriminate | 33 | 46 | 26 | 107 | 54 | 23 | 32 | 6 | 34 | 6 | 24 | 0 | 88 | 83 |
| Unknown | 10 | 36 | 4 | 10 | 16 | 16 | 31 | 46 | 36 | 75 | 26 | 36 | 16 | 3 |
| CIVILIAN SUBTOTAL | 379 | 622 | 631 | 634 | 325 | 247 | 570 | 588 | 159 | 157 | 66 | 154 | 174 | 267 |
| FFICIALS | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Iraqi Security | 40 | 76 | 6 | 32 | 97 | 102 | 75 | 43 | 21 | 66 | 35 | 56 | 25 | 7 |
| U.S./Coalition | 10 | 10 | 34 | 28 | 32 | 28 | 5 | 17 | 10 | 0 | 7 | 1 | 12 | 7 |
| Iraqi Government | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 74 | 17 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 8 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| OFFICIAL SUBTOTAL | 50 | 86 | 40 | 60 | 203 | 147 | 80 | 68 | 31 | 74 | 52 | 57 | 37 | 14 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| TOTAL | 429 | 708 | 671 | 694 | 528 | 394 | 650 | 656 | 190 | 231 | 118 | 211 | 211 | 281 |

NOTE ON THIS TABLE: Totals shown correlate directly with the reported deaths of the attacks illustrated in the above graph. This does not necessarily mean that each fatality was a member of that sectarian group, only that the bombing occurred in an area in which that group was in the majority. Although those multiple fatality bombings directly targeting U.S., Coalition and Iraqi security forces have been omitted, in few instances elements of these forces were included among those killed, although in each of the cases they were in the stark minority.

NUMBER OF MULTIPLE FATALITY BOMBINGS TARGETING CIVILIANS, BY SECTARIAN GROUP AND MONTH¹⁶



*IND: Indiscriminate

Total from January 1, 2007 to February 27, 2008 NOTE ON THIS GRAPH: Iraqi civilians were the primary target for each multiple fatality bombing illustrated. Those classified as "Shiite", "Sunni" or "Kurd" were bombings that either directly targeted that sectarian group or occurred in an area reported to be predominantly composed of that sectarian group. "Indiscriminate" bombings took place in areas of a mixed sectarian population and those classified as "Unknown" did not have the sectarian grouping or exact location reported.

NUMBER OF NEWLY DISPLACED PEOPLE PER MONTH IN IRAQ, INTERNALLY AND ABROAD, JANUARY 2007- PRESENT¹⁷

| | DISPLACED |
|--------------|-----------|
| MONTH | PERSONS |
| January 2007 | ~90,000 |
| February | ~90,000 |
| March | ~90,000 |
| April | ~90,000 |
| May | ~80,000 |
| June | ~60,000 |
| July | ~60,000 |
| August | ~60,000 |
| September | ~50,000 |
| October | ~50,000 |
| November | ~40,000 |
| December | ~30,000 |
| January 2008 | ~30,000 |

NUMBER AND CURRENT STATUS OF CONCERNED LOCAL CITIZENS (CLC'S) IN IRAQ18

BROAD FIGURES

| CURRENT NUMBER OF CLC's | | |
|---|------------------|--|
| Officially Registered with the U.S. Military | ~91,000 | |
| Under Contract with U.S. Military (for approximately \$300/month) | ~72,000 | |
| Currently Serving as Volunteers | ~19,000 | |
| That are Shiite | ~18,200 (20%) | |

AS OF: February 20, 2008

INTEGRATION INTO IRAQI SECURITY FORCES (ISF)

| CURRENT NUMBER OF CLC's | |
|--|--------|
| Integrated into the ISF | 1,738 |
| Vetted by the Iraqi Government and Awaiting Assignment | 2,000 |
| Somewhere in the Vetting Pipeline | 8,000 |
| The Iraqi Government has Committed to Employing as Baghdad Police | 12,000 |
| Expressing Interest in Joining the ISF | 18,000 |

AS OF: December 9, 2007

NOTE ON THIS CHART: The majority of the estimated 25,000 volunteers that formed the Awakening Movement in Anbar province are NOT included in the above U.S. figures. The phrase "Concerned Local Citizens", coined by the U.S. military, refers to Iraqi civilians who have volunteered to ally with U.S. forces in providing security against insurgents and militias at the local level. Thus far the Iraqi central government has been reluctant to integrate CLC's into official security forces. As a result, the U.S. military is launching a new civilian job corps to transition some CLC's from security to civil projects. This will start in January 2008 with 500 CLC's from Baghdad. The U.S. military hopes to expand the initial program and transfer its funding and management to the Iraqi government by the end of 2008.

WEAPONS CACHES FOUND AND CLEARED IN IRAQ, BY YEAR¹⁹

| REGION | 2006 | 2007 |
|---------------------------|-------|-------|
| ALL OF IRAQ | 2,662 | 6,956 |
| Baghdad Security District | 213 | 1,071 |
| Northern Iraq | 566 | 1,213 |
| Al Anbar | 941 | 3,155 |

PROGRESS OF POLITICAL BENCHMARKS AGREED UPON BETWEEN THE BUSH ADMINISTRATION AND THE IRAQI GOVERNMENT, AS WELL AS OTHER SIGNIFICANT POLITICAL DEVELOPMENTS²⁰

| Political Benchmark | ENT, AS WELL AS OTHER SIGNIFICANT POLITION Current Status | Potential Hurdles |
|---|--|--|
| Oil Revenue Sharing | February 2007: Draft law passed in the Cabinet but not yet voted on in Parliament May 2007: During the week of May 21, officials from the Kurdish Regional Government will arrive in Baghdad to discuss differences with central-government authorities. | Iraq Federation of Oil Unions has come out against the draft, as has the Iraqi National slate, led by former PM Ilyad al-Allawi |
| Reversing de-Baathification | May 2007: Iraqi VP Tariq al-Hashemi announced that proposals for revising the law would be submitted to parliament during the week of May 21. November 2007: Increased participation in fostering security by Sunni groups commonly known as "Concerned Local Citizens" has resulted in some de facto accommodations January 2008: Iraqi Parliament passes a bill allowing for the reinstatement of low-level Baath Party members for certain government jobs. The legislation also allows for those former Baathists with high-level jobs to receive a pension. | November 2007: Members of parliament loyal to Moqtada al-Sadr vehemently objected to the latest proposed legislation approved by the Cabinet |
| New election laws | No progress thus far | |
| Schedule provincial elections | July 2007: PM Nouri al-Maliki stated publicly that provincial elections would be held by the end of calendar year 2007. February 2008: Parliament passed legislation outlining provincial powers that calls for elections by October 1, 2008. However, this bill was later rejected by the presidency council and sent back to parliament. | |
| Disbanding militias | No political progress thus far, although Coalition and Iraqi security forces have engaged and detained militia members | |
| Plan of national reconciliation | February 2008: The Iraqi parliament passed an amnesty bill that will benefit thousands of mostly Sunni prisoners currently in Iraqi custody. This must now be approved by the presidency council. | |
| Amending the Constitution to address Sunni concerns | The parliament's constitutional reform committee voted on May 15, 2007, to submit a set of revisions to lawmakers the week of May 21. However, the controversial issues of the rights of provinces to form powerful regions (similar to that of the Kurds) and references to Iraq's Arab identity are yet to be debated. | |

AS OF: February 27, 2008 The benchmarks listed above were taken from a letter from Secretary of State Condoleezza Rice to Senator Carl Levin sent in January 2007 as mentioned in *Newsweek*'s April 2, 2007 edition.

OTHER NOTEWORTHY POLITICAL DEVELOPMENTS²¹

- *April 15, 2007: Shiite cleric Moqtada al-Sadr withdrew his 6 ministers from the Iraqi cabinet. They represented the Ministries of Health, Transportation, Tourism & Antiquities, Agriculture, Civil Society and Provincial Affairs, respectively. There are 38 total cabinet posts in the current Iraqi government.
- *June 22: The Iraqi Accordance Front, the largest Sunni bloc in the Iraqi parliament with 44 members, announced it was boycotting the 275-seat house to protest the ouster of Sunni speaker Mahmoud al-Mashhadani. They were joined by the smaller National Dialogue Front, which had 11 seats.
- *June 29, 2007: The leading Sunni coalition, the Accordance Front, withdrew its six ministers from the Iraqi Cabinet in protest to the dismissal of Sunni Speaker Mahmoud al-Mashhadani and because of criminal accusations made against Sunni Culture Minister Asad Kamal al-Hashimi. As a result, 13 of 38 Cabinet positions are now unfilled.
- *July 17, 2007: The Shiite political bloc loyal to Moqtada al-Sadr announced that they were ending their month-long boycott of the Iraqi parliament and would return to work immediately.
- *July 18, 2007: The largest Sunni coalition, the Accordance Front, ended its boycott of parliament following the reinstatement of ousted speaker Mahmoud al-Mashhadani.
- *August 5, 2007: 5 secular cabinet members allied with former PM Iyad Allawi announced that they were boycotting cabinet meetings, though they would continue the day-to-day administration of their respective ministries.
- *September 8, 2007: The National Dialogue Front, a secular Sunni bloc, announced that its 11 legislators were ending their boycott of parliament

EFFECTS OF OPERATION FARDH AL-QANOON ON IRAQI PROVINCES²²

| PROVINCE | DEVELOPMENT |
|----------|---|
| | *Violent attacks in the Ramadi region have dropped from 25 per day in 2006 to 4 per day since the Surge (April 29, 2007) |
| Anbar | *In May 2006, there were 811 attacks throughout the province. In May 2007, that figure was just over 400 (May 31, 2007) |
| | →In the city of Ramadi, there were 234 attacks in May 2006 compared to 30 in May 2007 |
| | *Since the beginning of 2007, 12,000 Iraqis have volunteered for the security forces. In all of 2006, 1,000 volunteered (May 31, 2007) |
| | *There has been roughly a 30% increase in offensive actions and attacks in Diyala province (March 9, 2007) |
| | *In 2006, Diyala province was the eighth-deadliest province (of Iraq's 18) for U.S. troops (April 22, 2007) |
| Diyala | → Thus far in 2007, it ranks as the third-deadliest province behind Baghdad and Anbar |
| | * Over the past five months, attacks on U.S. and Iraqi troops have increased 70% (April 16, 2007) → It was reported on April 15, 2007, that almost a full brigade of between 2,000 and 3,000 soldiers is being sent to reinforce the territory between Baghdad and Baqubah, the provincial capital |
| Baghdad | *In all of 2006, 266 weapons caches were found within all security districts. Thus far in 2007, 441 have been found (May 31, 2007) |

EFFECTS OF EXTERNAL ACTORS ON IRAQI SECURITY²³

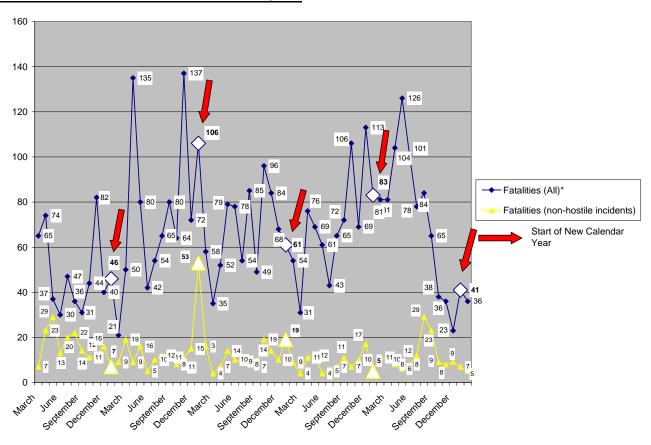
*April 11, 2007- During a press briefing from Baghdad, Major Marty Weber reported that between 40 and 60 foreign fighters per month are crossing into Iraq via the Syrian border. During that same briefing, General William Caldwell stated that there was evidence that Iran has been giving assistance to Sunni insurgent groups, though to a much lesser degree than to Shiite extremists.

NOTE ON THE METHODOLOGY OF THE IRAQ INDEX:

Although the footnotes to the Iraq Index document our sources in detail, it is worth noting here a few broad points. The majority of our information comes from the U.S. Government, though we must often analyze it and process it further to show trends over the full period since Saddam Hussein fell in 2003. Some information comes from foreign journalists on the ground and from nongovernmental organizations; a very modest amount to date comes from Iraqi sources. Most tables and charts are straightforward representations of data as we obtain it from the above primary sources, with only modest further analysis and processing required. However, a few graphics, such as those on crime and unemployment rates, require more methodological work (and more assumptions) on our part—and are as a result also perhaps somewhat less precise than most of the tables and charts.

SECURITY INDICATORS

U.S. TROOP FATALITIES SINCE MARCH 19, 2003²⁴



Total from March 19, 2003 (start of major combat operations) through February 27, 2008:

Fatalities (all kinds): **3,973**Fatalities in hostile incidents: **3,237**

Fatalities in hostile incidents: 3,237
Fatalities in non-hostile incidents: 736

NOTE ON U.S. TROOP FATALITIES SINCE MARCH 19, 2003 TABLE:

The daily Department of Defense casualty reports that we use for our monthly estimates on U.S troops killed doesn't make entirely clear when in a 24 hour period casualties were incurred. Since the reports are published 10 AM daily, there is the possibility that our numbers for January 2005 and onwards are slightly off due to uncertainties about whether casualties occurred on the first and last day of each month. We have chosen to interpret the numbers in the casualty report as representing fatalities that occurred throughout the previous day. Total fatalities include seven civilians working for the Department of Defense.

^{*} In order to determine the monthly fatalities from hostile incidents, subtract the blue data point from the corresponding yellow data point.

CAUSE OF DEATH FOR US TROOPS²⁵

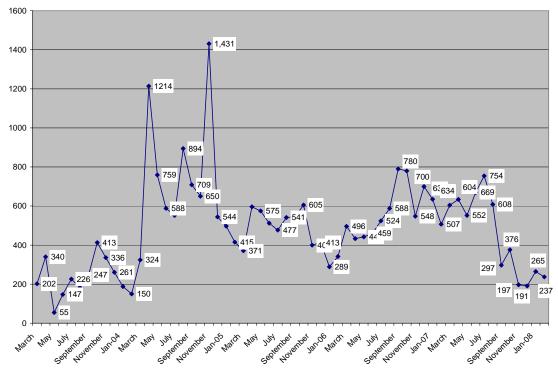
| | (40.2%) | (3.3%) | (2.9%) | (2.4%) | (5.1%) | (30.6%) | (15.4%) | Ì |
|------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|--------------------|----------------------|------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|-----------|
| Total | 1,598 | 133 | 117 | 95 | 201 | 1,216 | 613 | 3,972 |
| February | 17 (58.6%) | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) | 1 (3.4%) | 0 (0%) | 7 (24.1%) | 4 (13.8%) | 29 |
| January 08 | 23 (57.5%) | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) | 1 (2.5%) | 0 (0%) | 11 (27.5%) | 5 (12.5%) | 40 |
| December | 9 (39.1%) | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) | 5 (21.7%) | 9 (39.1%) | 23 |
| November | 26 (70.3%) | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) | 6 (16.2%) | 5 (19.2%) | 37 |
| October | 20 (52.6%) | 0 (0%) | 2 (5.3%) | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) | 7 (18.4%) | 9 (23.7%) | 38 |
| September | 25 (38.5%) | 1 (1.5%) | 0 (0%) | 3 (4.6%) | 0 (0%) | 13 (20.0%) | 23 (35.4%) | 65 |
| July August | 46 (57.5%) 32 (38.1%) | 0 (0%) | 2 (2.5%) 0 (0%) | 1 (1.3%) 4 (4.8%) | 1 (1.3%) 19 (22.6%) | 19 (23.8 %) 20 (22.6%) | 11 (13.8%) 9 (10.7%) | 80 84 |
| June | 57 (57.0%) | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) | 4 (4.0%) | 0 (0%) | 31 (310%) | 8 (8.0%) | 100 |
| May | 82 (64.6%) | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) | 2 (1.6%) | 37 (29.1%) | 6 (4.7%) | 127 |
| April | 60 (57.7 %) | 0 (0%) | 1 (1.0%) | 1 (1.0%) | 0 (0%) | 34 (32.7%) | 8 (7.7%) | 104 |
| March | 51 (62.2%) | 0 (0%) | 2 (2.4%) | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) | 19 (23.2%) | 10 (12.2%) | 82 |
| February | 25 (31.6%) | 2 (2.5%) | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) | 9 (11.4%) | 33 (45.8%) | 10 (13.9%) | 79 |
| January 07 | 34 (40.5%) | 0 (0%) | 1 (1.2%) | 0 (0%) | 14 (16.7%) | 30 (35.7%) | 5 (5.9%) | 84 |
| December | 72 (62.6%) | 0 (0%) | 1 (0.9%) | 1 (0.9%) | 5 (4.3%) | 26 (22.6%) | 10 (8.7%) | 115 |
| October November | 52 (49.5%) 38 (54.3%) | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) | 1 (1%) 0 (0%) | 2 (2.9%) | 46 (43.8%) 22 (31.4%) | 8 (11.4%) | 70 |
| September | 29 (40.8%) | 4 (5.6%) | 1 (1.4%) | 1 (1.4%) | 0 (0%) | 26 (36.6%) | 10 (14.1%) 6 (5.7%) | 71 105 |
| August | 29 (44.6%) | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) | 2 (3.1%) | 29 (44.6%) | 5 (7.7%) | 65 |
| July | 21 (48.8%) | 3 (6.9%) | 0 (0%) | 1 (2.3%) | 0 (0%) | 13 (30.2%) | 5 (11.6%) | 43 |
| June | 33 (54.1%) | 0 (0%) | 1 (1.6%) | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) | 23 (37.7%) | 4 (6.6%) | 61 |
| May | 36 (52.2%) | 2 (2.9%) | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) | 4 (5.8%) | 17 (24.6%) | 10 (14.5%) | 69 |
| April | 45 (59.2%) | 1 (1.3%) | 1 (1.3%) | 1 (1.3%) | 2 (2.6%) | 15 (19.7%) | 11 (14.5%) | 76 |
| March | 12 (38.7%) | 1 (3.2%) | 3 (9.7%) | 1 (3.2%) | 0 (0%) | 9 (29%) | 5 (16.1%) | 31 |
| February | 36 (65.5%) | 2 (3.6%) | 1 (1.8%) | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) | 7 (12.7%) | 9 (16.4%) | 55 |
| January 06 | 24 (38.7%) | 3 (4.8%) | 0 (0%) | 1 (1.6%) | 13 (21%) | 10 (16.1%) | 11 (17.7%) | 62 |
| December | 42 (61.8%) | 3 (4.4%) | 2 (2.9%) | 1 (1.5%) | 2 (2.9%) | 9 (13.2%) | 9 (13.2%) | 68 |
| November | 40 (47.6%) | 6 (7.1%) | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) | 2 (2.4%) | 24 (28.6%) | 12 (14.3%) | 84 |
| October | 57 (59.4%) | 2 (2.1%) | 7 (7.3%) | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) | 11 (11.5%) | 19 (19.8%) | 96 |
| September | 37 (75.5%) | 0 (0%) | 2 (4.1%) | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) | 3 (6.1%) | 7 (14.3%) | 49 |
| August | 40 (47.1%) | 7 (8.2%) | 1 (1.2%) | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) | 27 (31.8%) | 10 (11.8%) | 85 |
| July | 36 (66.7%) | 2 (3.7%) | 3 (5.6%) | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) | 4 (7.4%) | 9 (16.7%) | 54 |
| June | 36 (46.2%) | 8 (10.3%) | 2 (2.6%) | 3 (3.8%) | 2 (2.6%) | 18 (23.1%) | 9 (11.5%) | 78 |
| May | 33 (41.2%) | 10 (12.5%) | 6 (7.5%) | 2 (2.5%) | 2 (2.5%) | 14 (17.5%) | 13 (16.3%) | 80 |
| April | 20 (38.5%) | 7 (13.5%) | 5 (9.6%) | 2 (3.8%) | 0 (0%) | 12 (23.1%) | 6 (11.5%) | 52 |
| March | 13 (37.1%) | 7 (20%) | 1 (2.9%) | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) | 10 (28.6%) | 4 (11.4%) | 35 |
| February | 25 (43.1%) | 1 (1.7%) | 1 (1.7%) | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) | 15 (25.9%) | 16 (27.6%) | 58 |
| January 05 | 29 (27.1%) | 3 (2.8%) | 3 (2.8%) | 8 (7.5%) | 33 (30.8%) | 11 (10.3%) | 20 (18.7%) | 107 |
| December | 14 (19.4%) | 2 (2.8%) | 1 (1.4%) | 0 (0%) | 2 (2.8%) | 41 (56.9%) | 12 (16.7%) | 72 |
| November | 18 (13.1%) | 6 (4.4%) | 4 (2.9%) | 4 (2.9%) | 0 (0%) | 93 (67.9%) | 12 (8.8%) | 137 |
| October | 12 (19%) | 19 (30.2%) | 2 (3.2%) | 4 (6.3%) | 2 (3.2%) | 19 (30.2%) | 5 (7.9%) | 63 |
| September | 15 (18.8%) | 11(13.8%) | 4 (5%) | 2 (2.5%) | 0 (0%) | 37 (46.3%) | 11 (13.8%) | 80 |
| August | 16 (24.2%) | 0 (0%) | 2 (3%) | 4 (6.1%) | 2 (3%) | 33 (50%) | 9 (13.6%) | 66 |
| July | 17 (31.5%) | 2 (3.7%) | 7 (13%) | 2 (3.7%) | 0 (0%) | 16 (29.6%) | 10 (18.5%) | 54 |
| June | 12 (28.6%) | 2 (4.8%) | 7 (16.7%) | 1 (2.4%) | 0 (0%) | 15 (35.7%) | 5 (11.9%) | 42 |
| May | 21 (26.3%) | 2 (2.5%) | 12 (15%) | 2 (2.5%) | 0 (0%) | 25 (31.3%) | 18 (22.5%) | 80 |
| April | 16 (11.9%) | 10 (7.4%) | 7 (5.2%) | 13 (9.6%) | 2 (1.5%) | 78 (57.8%) | 9 (6.7%) | 135 |
| March | 19 (36.5%) | 0 (0%) | 4 (7.7%) | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) | 12 (23.1%) | 17 (32.7%) | 52 |
| February | 9 (45%) | 0 (0%) | 2 (10%) | 0 (0%) | 2 (10%) | 3 (15%) | 4 (20%) | 20 |
| December January 04 | 18 (45%) 20 (42.6%) | 1 (2.5%) 3 (6.4%) | 2 (5%) 4 (8.5%) | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) | 4 (10%) 4 (8.5%) | 15 (37.5%) 1 (2.1%) | 40 47 |
| November | 20 (24.4%) | 0 (0%) | 1 (1.2%) | 1 (1.2%) | 39 (47.6%) | 8 (9.8%) | 13 (15.8%) | 82 |
| October | 13 (29.5%) | 0 (0%) | 4 (9.1%) | 2 (4.5%) | 0 (0%) | 14 (31.8%) | 11 (25%) | 44 |
| September | 5 (16.1%) | 0 (0%) | 2 (6.5%) | 2 (6.5%) | 1 (3.2%) | 9 (29%) | 12 (38.7%) | 31 |
| August | 7 (20%) | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) | 2 (5.7%) | 0 (0%) | 7 (20%) | 19 (54.3%) | 35 |
| July | 4 (8.3%) | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) | 9 (18.8%) | 0 (0%) | 15 (31.3%) | 20 (41.7%) | 48 |
| June | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) | 4 (13.3%) | 0 (0%) | 14 (46.6%) | 12 (40.0%) | 30 |
| May | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) | 7 (18.9%) | 6 (16.2%) | 24 (64.9%) | 37 |
| April | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) | 3 (4.1%) | 4 (5.4%) | 8 (10.8%) | 41 (55.4%) | 18(24.3%) | 74 |
| March 03 | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) | 8 (12.3%) | 50 (76.9%) | 7 (10.8%) | 65 |
| | Device | Bombs | Rockets | Grenades | Losses* | Fire | Causes* | |
| | Explosive | TO 1 | D 1 . | Propelled | T 1/4 | Hostile | Hostile | |

NOTE ON CAUSE OF DEATH DETAIL TABLE: Through February 27, 2008: Helicopter losses include deaths caused by both non-hostile helicopter accidents and helicopters downed by hostile fire. He "Non-Hostile Causes" data then does not include non-hostile helicopter losses.

AMERICAN MILITARY FATALITIES BY CATEGORY MARCH 19, 2003 – FEBRUARY 2, 2008²⁸

| Category | Total fatalities as of February 2, 2008: 3,938 |
|-------------------|--|
| Gender | Male: 3,846 |
| | Female: 92 |
| Age | Younger than 22: 920 |
| 8 | 22-24: 1,072 |
| | 25-30: 1,078 |
| | 31-35: 402 |
| | Older than 35: 466 |
| Component | Active: 3,203 |
| | Reserve: 292 |
| | National Guard: 443 |
| Military service | Army: 2,831 |
| | Marines: 974 |
| | Navy: 89 |
| | Air Force: 43 |
| | Coast Guard: 1 |
| Officers/Enlisted | Officer: 371 |
| | E5-E9: 1,276 |
| | E1-E4: 2,291 |
| Race/Ethnicity | American Indian or Alaska Native: 40 |
| | Asian: 74 |
| | Black or African American: 372 |
| | Hispanic or Latino: 420 |
| | Multiple races, pending or unknown: 45 |
| | Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander: 44 |
| | White: 2,,943 |

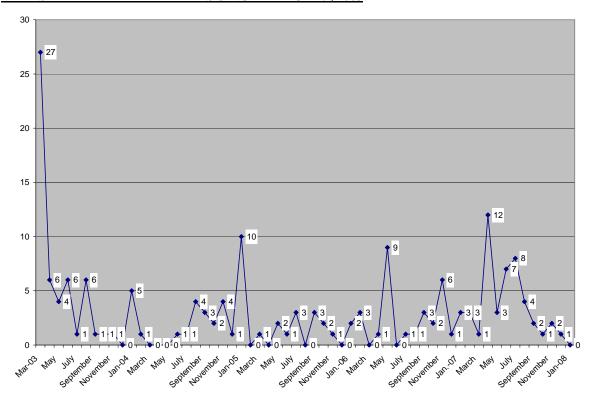
U.S. TROOPS WOUNDED IN ACTION SINCE MARCH 2003²⁹



Total from March 19, 2003 through February 27, 2008: 29,275

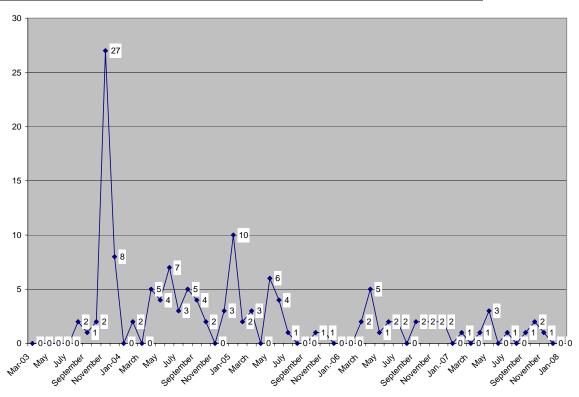
The daily Department of Defense casualty reports that we use for our monthly estimates on U.S troops wounded does not make it entirely clear when in a 24-hour period casualties were incurred. Since the reports are published at 10AM daily, there is possibility that our numbers for January 2005 and onwards are slightly off due to uncertainties about whether casualties occurred on the first or the last of each month.

BRITISH MILITARY FATALITIES SINCE MARCH 19, 2003³⁰



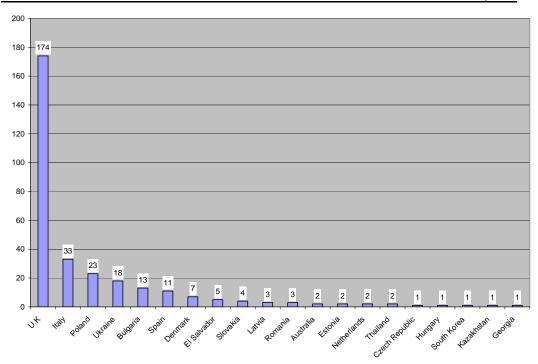
Total through February 27, 2008: 174

 $\underline{\textbf{NON-U.S. \& U.K. COALITION MILITARY FATALITIES SINCE MARCH 19, 2003}}^{\underline{31}}$



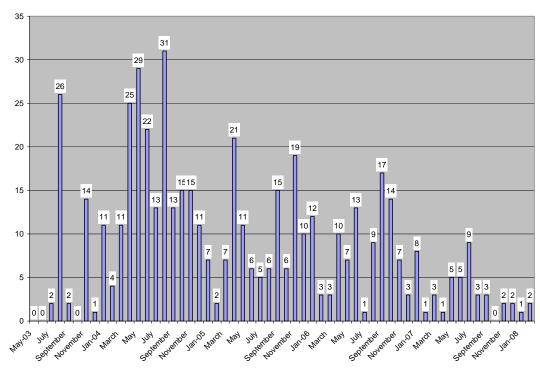
Total through February 27, 2008: 133

NON-U.S. COALITION TROOP FATALITIES BY COUNTRY SINCE MARCH 19, 2003³²



Total through February 27, 2008: 307

NON-IRAQI CIVILIANS KILLED SINCE MAY 2003³³



Total through February 27, 2008: 504

NOTE ON NON-IRAQI CIVILIANS KILLED IN IRAQ: Total includes two contractors whose dates of death are unknown at this time and are thus not included on the above chart. This list is incomplete and does not include an additional 44 contractors that were killed up until December 31, 2004. Since we do not know during which month these deaths occurred they are not represented in the graph above.

As of March, 2005, there were more than 20,000 foreign (non-Iraqi) private military contractors in Iraq. 6,000 of these are in armed tactical roles. Peter W. Singer, "Outsourcing War," *Foreign Affairs*, March 2005.

JOURNALISTS KILLED IN IRAQ³⁴

| 2003 | 14 |
|-------|-----|
| 2004 | 24 |
| 2005 | 23 |
| 2006 | 32 |
| 2007 | 32 |
| 2008 | 2 |
| Total | 127 |

NATIONALITIES OF JOURNALISTS KILLED IN IRAQ³⁵

| THITTOTHER OF C | CONTRIBION NEEDED IN THE |
|----------------------|--------------------------|
| Iraqi | 105 |
| European | 12 |
| American | 2 |
| Other Arab Countries | 3 |
| All Others | 5 |
| Total | 127 |

CIRCUMSTANCES OF JOURNALIST DEATHS³⁶

| Murder | 84 |
|--------------------|-----|
| Crossfire or other | 43 |
| acts of war | |
| Total | 127 |

NOTE ON JOURNALIST DEATHS: A broader tally of journalist deaths that includes media workers such as drivers and interpreters, as well as non-hostile but war-related deaths, finds 168 total fatalities.³⁷

IRAQIS KIDNAPPED³⁸

| January 2004 | 2 per day in Baghdad |
|---------------|-----------------------------|
| December 2004 | 10 per day in Baghdad |
| December 2005 | Up to 30 per day nationwide |
| March 2006 | 30-40 per day nationwide |

NOTE ON IRAQIS KIDNAPPED TABLE: The numbers on this table may be lower than the actual number of kidnappings as the Iraqi Police suggests wide underreporting. Ellen Knickmeyer and Jonathon Finer, "In Iraq, 425 Foreigners Estimated Kidnapped Since 2003," Washington Post, December 25, 2005. The Iraqi Interior Ministry estimates that 5,000 Iraqis were kidnapped nationwide between December 2003 and April 2005 (Haifa Zangana, "Blair Made a Pledge to Iraqis Once," The Guardian, April 22, 2005). According to Assad Abboud, "Iraq's Forgotten Kidnap Victims Suffer in Silence," Agence France Presse, March 25, 2006, the average ransom price for a kidnapped Iraqi is \$30,000. The American Embassy in Baghdad estimated that 5-30 Iraqis are abducted each day, but also acknowledged the uncertainty of such a figure (Kirk Semple, "Kidnapped in Iraq: Victim's Tale of Clockwork Death and Ransom," New York Times, May 7, 2006).

IRAQI CIVILIANS KILLED BY US TROOPS³⁹

| 2005 | Average of 7 per week |
|--------------|-----------------------|
| January 2006 | 4 per week |
| August 2006 | 1 per week |

NOTE ON IRAQI CIVILIANS KILLED BY US TROOPS: The military has recently announced that an average of one Iraqi civilian per day was killed in "escalation of force" incidents alone in 2005. Josh White, Charles Lane and Julie Tate, "Homicide Charges Rare in Iraq War; Few Troops Tried for Killing Civilians," *Washington Post*, August 28, 2006.

FOREIGN NATIONALS KIDNAPPED IN IRAO SINCE MAY 200340

| FOREIGN NATIONALS I | KIDNAPPED IN IRAQ SI | NCE MAY 2003 |
|--------------------------------|----------------------|--|
| Month | Foreigners Kidnapped | Developments* |
| Date of capture unknown | 14 | 3 killed |
| May 2003 – October 2003 | 0 | |
| November | 1 | 1 released |
| Dec. 2003 -March 2004 | 0 | |
| April | 43 | 3 killed, 30 released, 1 escaped |
| May | 2 | 1 killed |
| June | 3 | 2 killed, 1 escaped |
| July | 26 | 3 killed, 13 released, 1 rescued, 1 escaped |
| August | 30 | 15 killed, 15 released |
| September | 31 | 4 killed, 4 released, 1 rescued |
| October | 7 | 3 killed, 2 released |
| November | 5 | 1 killed, 1 released |
| December | 2 | 1 Milou, 1 Teleuseu |
| January 2005 | 13 | 10 released |
| February | 10 | 8 released |
| March | 5 | 3 released |
| | 7 | 6 released |
| April | | |
| May | 4 | 1 killed, 1 rescued |
| June | 0 | 21''' 1 |
| July | 6 | 3 killed |
| August | 24 | 2 killed, 21 released |
| September | 3 | 1 killed, 6 released |
| October | 3 | 1 released |
| November | 11 | 1 killed, 2 released |
| December | 13 | 2 killed, 10 released |
| January 2006 | 5 | 2 released |
| February | 12 | 6 released |
| March | 0 | 1 killed, 1 released, 3 rescued |
| April | 1 | |
| May | 2 | 4 released |
| June | 5 | 6 killed |
| July | 1 | |
| August | 0 | 1 released |
| September | 0 | |
| October | 1 | |
| November | 5 | 1 escaped, 1 killed |
| December | 4 | 2 0000 (000) 2 000000 |
| January 2007 | 3 | |
| February | 3 | 1 released |
| March | 0 | 1 I CICASCU |
| | 0 | |
| April Mari | 5 | |
| May | | |
| June | 0 | |
| July | 0 | |
| August | 0 | |
| September | 0 | |
| October | 0 | |
| November | 0 | |
| December | 0 | |
| January 2008 | 0 | |
| • | | • |
| February | 1 | |
| February Total through | _ | 54 killed, 147 released, 4 escaped, 6 rescued, 89 unknown E:*Developments: This category shows activity in the status |

NOTE ON FOREIGN NATIONALS KIDNAPPED IN IRAQ TABLE:*Developments: This category shows activity in the status of hostages, but does not necessarily apply to hostages kidnapped during the same month. Please see footnote for more information. According to the Baghdad Hostage Working Group at the US Embassy in Baghdad as cited in Erik Rye and Joon Mo Kang, "Hostages of War," New York Times, May 17, 2006, 439 foreigners have been kidnapped in Baghdad since the start of the war. These include 165 private contractors, 63 (mostly truck) drivers, 39 journalists, 23 NGO workers, and 15 diplomats/gov't employees. An Associated Press tally shows that at least 13 Americans have been kidnapped. Four have been killed, four have escaped or been freed and five are considered taken, missing, or unknown. This list may be incomplete. "The Fate of Americans Taken Hostage in Iraq," Associated Press, January 20, 2006.

IRAQI PRISON POPULATION 41

| Peak prison population in 2003 | 10,00 | | | |
|--------------------------------|--|---|--|--|
| June 2004 | 5,435 | | | |
| July | 5,700 | | | |
| | (of which 90 are foreign nationals) | | | |
| September | 5,500 | | | |
| | (whereof 2 are women, | | | |
| | and 130-140 are for | reign nationals) | | |
| October | 4,300 | 0 | | |
| November | 8,300 | | | |
| January 2005 | 7,833 | | | |
| June | 10,78 | 3 | | |
| July | 15,00 | 0 | | |
| August | 14,00 | 00 | | |
| September | 14,00 | | | |
| October | 13,00 | 0 | | |
| November | 13,000 held by American troops plus an add | ditional 12,000 held by Iraqi authorities | | |
| December | ~ 14,000 in US / A | Allied custody | | |
| January 2006 | 14,000 in US | custody | | |
| February | 14,767 in US / Allied custody | | | |
| March | ~ 15,000 in US / Allied custody | | | |
| April | ~ 15,000 in US / A | Allied custody | | |
| May | ~14,000 in US / A | | | |
| June | ~14,500 in US custody, ~13,30 | 0 held by Iraqi authorities | | |
| September | ~13,000 in US | S custody | | |
| October | ~13,000 in US custody | | | |
| November | ~ 13,000 in US custody | | | |
| December | ~ 13,000 in U | S custody | | |
| January 2007 | ~ 14,000 in U | | | |
| February | ~ 15,000 in U | · · | | |
| March | ~17,000 in US custody | ~20,000 in Iraqi custody | | |
| April | ~ 18,000 in U | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | |
| May | ~ 19,500 in U | · · | | |
| June | ~ 21,000 in U | | | |
| July | ~ 21,000 in U | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | |
| August | ~ 23,000 in US custody | ~ 37,000 in Iraqi custody | | |
| September | ~ 25,000 in U | | | |
| October | ~ 26,000 in U | | | |
| November | ~ 25,800 in U | · · | | |
| December | ~ 26,000 in US custody | ~ 24,000 in Iraqi custody | | |
| January 2008 | ~ 25,000 in Us custody ~ 25,000 in Us | | | |
| January 2000 | ~ 24,000 in Us | | | |

NOTE ON IRAQI PRISON POPULATION TABLE:

JULY 2007: U.S. and Iraqi government officials report that an estimated 44,000 of 65,000 suspected Iraqi insurgents or sectarian killers detained in Iraq have been released since March 2003. Cited reasons include prison overcrowding, global politics and corruption in the Iraqi justice system. JANUARY 2008: According to U.S. military figures, a total of 8,952 prisoners were released in 2007. In addition, 785 prisoners have been released thus far in 2008 as of January 25.

 $\underline{\textbf{ESTIMATED NUMBER OF FOREIGN FIGHTERS IN THE INSURGE}} \textbf{NCY}^{\underline{43}}$

| ESTIMITED MOMBER OF | TOREIGHTIOHTERS HV THI |
|---------------------|------------------------|
| January 2004 | 300-500 |
| July | "Low hundreds" |
| September | "Fewer than 1,000" |
| November | "Fewer than 1,000" |
| January 2005 | "Fewer than 1,000" |
| February | "Fewer than 1,000" |
| May | 1,000 |
| June | 750-1,000 |
| July | 750-1,000 |
| August | 750-1,000 |
| September | $700 - 2{,}000$ |
| October | 700 – 2,000 |
| November | 700 - 2,000 |
| December | 700 - 2,000 |
| January 2006 | 700 - 2,000 |
| February | $700 - 2{,}000$ |
| March | 700 - 2,000 |
| April | $800 - 2{,}000$ |
| May | 800 - 2,000 |
| June | $800 - 2{,}000$ |
| July | 800 - 2,000 |
| August | 800 - 2,000 |
| September | 800 - 2,000 |
| October | 800 - 2,000 |
| November | 800 – 2,000 |
| | |

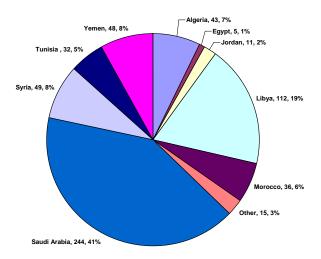
NOTE ON ESTIMATED NUMBER OF FOREIGN FIGHTERS TABLE: "[Foreign fighters] are very few in number, although as far as we can tell, they constitute about 100 percent of the suicide bombers." DoD News Briefing with Col. Sean MacFarland, Commander of 1st Brigade Combat Team, 1st Armored Division, Stationed in Ramadi, July 14, 2006.

ESTIMATED NUMBER OF FOREIGNERS ILLEGALLY CROSSING INTO IRAQ TO SUPPORT THE

INSURGENCY, 2007⁴⁴

| JANUARY-MAY | 80-90 per month |
|--------------------|-----------------|
| JUNE-AUGUST | 40-60 per month |
| SEPTEMBER-NOVEMBER | 40 per month |

SNAPSHOT OF NATIONALITIES OF FOREIGN MILITANTS IN IRAQ BASED ON SINJAR RAID, OCTOBER 2007^{45}



NOTE ON THIS GRAPH: Figures obtained from a computer confiscated in a raid by coalition forces in October 2007 in Sinjar, Iraq, on the border with Syria. Of the nearly 700 records of foreign fighters found, 595 included the nation of origin. All are believed to be affiliated with Al-Qaeda and to have entered Iraq through Syria between August 2006 and August 2007. Based on these findings, U.S. officials estimate that 90% of the suicide bombings carried out in Iraq are done so by foreign nationals. This is up from previous estimates of 75%. 46

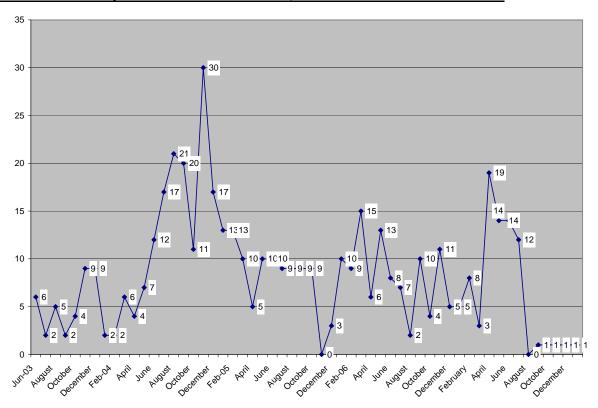
INTENDED WORK OF FOREIGN FIGHTERS WHOSE BIOGRAPHICAL DATA WAS OBTAINED IN THE

SINJAR RAID, BY NATIONALITY⁴⁷

| COUNTRY | SUICIDE BOMBERS | FIGHTERS | OTHER | TOTAL |
|--------------|--------------------|----------|-------|-------|
| Saudi Arabia | 76 | 73 | 2 | 151 |
| Libya | 52 | 8 | 1 | 61 |
| Morocco | 22 | 2 | 0 | 24 |
| Syria | 21 | 10 | 1 | 32 |
| Algeria | 5 | 30 | 1 | 36 |
| Yemen | 18 | 21 | 0 | 39 |
| Tunisia | 10 | 14 | 0 | 24 |
| TOTAL | 204 | 158 | 5 | 367 |

NOTE ON THIS TABLE: Figures obtained from a computer confiscated in a raid by coalition forces in October 2007 in Sinjar, Iraq, on the border with Syria. Of the nearly 700 records of foreign fighters found, 595 included the nation of origin. Of these, 367 also included the intended work of the insurgent.

ATTACKS ON IRAQI OIL AND GAS PIPELINES, INSTALLATIONS & PERSONNEL 48



Total through January 7, 2008: 466

| | N TROOP S | <u> FRENGTH IN IR.</u> | AQ SINCE | | |
|-------------|-----------|------------------------|----------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Month | | U.S. troops in Iraq | | Other coalition troops in Iraq | Total international troop |
| | Active | Reserve | Total | (excluding U.S. & Iraqi forces) | strength in Iraq |
| | | (includes | | | |
| M 02 | 142 000 | National Guard) | 150 000 | 22 000 | 172 000 |
| May-03 | ~142,000 | ~8,000 | 150,000 | 23,000 | 173,000 |
| June | ~126,000 | ~24,000 | 150,000 | 21,000 | 171,000 |
| July | ~124,000 | ~25,000 | 149,000 | 21,000 | 170,000 |
| August | ~114,000 | ~25,000 | 139,000 | 22,000 | 161,000 |
| September | ~103,000 | ~29,000 | 132,000 | 24,000 | 156,000 |
| October | ~102,000 | ~29,000 | 131,000 | 25,000 | 156,000 |
| November | N/A | N/A | 123,000 | 23,900 | 146,900 |
| December | ~85,400 | ~36,600 | 122,000 | 24,500 | 146,500 |
| January -04 | | | | · | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
| · | N/A | N/A | 122,000 | 25,600 | 147,600 |
| February | N/A | N/A | 115,000 | 24,000 | 139,000 |
| March | N/A | N/A | 130,000 | 24,000 | 154,000 |
| April | N/A | N/A | 137,000 | 25,000 | 162,000 |
| May | N/A | N/A | 138,000 | 24,000 | 162,000 |
| June | 89,700 | 48,300 | 138,000 | 23,000 | 161,000 |
| July | N/A | N/A | 140,000 | 22,000 | 162,000 |
| August | 84,000 | 56,000 | 140,000 | 23,700 | 163,700 |
| September | 82,800 | 55,200 | 138,000 | 24,600 | 162,600 |
| October | 82,800 | 55,200 | 138,000 | 24,000 | 162,000 |
| November | 82,800 | 55,200 | 138,000 | 24,000 | 162,000 |
| December | 82,800 | 55,200 | 148,000 | 25,000 | 173,000 |
| January-05 | 90,000 | 60,000 | 150,000 | 25,300 | 175,300 |
| February | N/A | N/A | 155,000 | 25,000 | 180,000 |
| March | N/A | N/A | 150,000 | 22,000 | 172,000 |
| April | N/A | N/A | 142,000 | 22,000 | 164,000 |
| May | N/A | N/A | 138,000 | 23,000 | 161,000 |
| June | N/A | N/A | 135,000 | 23,000 | 158,000 |
| July | N/A | N/A | 138,000 | 23,000 | 161,000 |
| August | N/A | N/A | 138,000 | 23,000 | 161,000 |
| September | N/A | N/A | 138,000 | 22,000 | 160,000 |
| October | N/A | N/A | 152,000 | 22,000 | 174,000 |
| November | N/A | N/A | 160,000 | 23,000 | 183,000 |
| December | N/A | N/A | 160,000 | 23,000 | 183,000 |
| January-06 | N/A | N/A | 136,000 | 21,000 | 157,000 |
| February | N/A | N/A | 133,000 | 20,000 | 153,000 |
| March | N/A | N/A | 133,000 | 20,000 | 153,000 |
| April | N/A | N/A | 132,000 | 20,000 | 152,000 |
| May | N/A | N/A | 132,000 | 20,000 | 152,000 |
| June | N/A | N/A | 126,900 | 19,000 | 146,900 |
| July | N/A | N/A | 130,000 | 19,000 | 149,000 |
| August | N/A | N/A | 138,000 | 19,000 | 157,000 |
| September | N/A | N/A | 144,000 | 18,000 | 162,000 |
| October | N/A | N/A | 144,000 | 17,200 | 161,200 |
| November | N/A | N/A | 140,000 | 18,000 | 158,000 |
| December | N/A | N/A | 140,000 | 15,200 | 155,200 |
| January-07 | N/A | N/A | 132,000 | 14,650 | 146,650 |
| February | N/A | N/A | 135,000 | 14,010 | 149,010 |
| March | N/A | N/A | 142,000 | 13,205 | 155,205 |
| April | N/A | N/A | 146,000 | 13,196 | 159,196 |
| May | N/A | N/A | 149,700 | 12,112 | 161,812 |
| June | N/A | N/A | 157,000 | 11,524 | 168,524 |
| July | N/A | N/A | 160,000 | 11,508 | 171,508 |
| August | N/A | N/A | 162,000 | 11,685 | 173,685 |
| September | N/A | N/A | 168,000 | 12,279 | 180,279 |
| October | N/A | N/A | 171,000 | 11,668 | 182,668 |
| November | N/A | N/A | 162,000 | 11,589 | 173,589 |
| December | N/A | N/A | 160,000 | 10,961 | 170,961 |
| January-08 | N/A | N/A | 157,000 | 10,604 | 167,604 |
| February | N/A | N/A | 157,000 | 9,895 | 166,895 |

| February | N/A | N/A | 157,000 | 9,895 | 166,895 | NOTE ON TABLE: All numbers are end of month estimates or latest data available for the current month. N/A= Not available.

TOP NON-US COALITION CONTRIBUTORS OF MILITARY PERSONNEL IN IRAQ 50

| Coalition Country | Military Personnel in Iraq | As of (date) |
|-------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|
| United Kingdom | 4,500 | February 4, 2008 |
| South Korea | 650 | December 29, 2007 |
| Italy | 0 | December 2, 2006 |
| Poland | 900 | September 14, 2007 |
| Australia | 515 | February 21, 2008 |
| Georgia | 2,000 | July 9, 2007 |
| Romania | 600 | February 22, 2007 |
| Denmark | 0 | December 20, 2007 |
| Total Coalition Troops | ~9,895 | February 20, 2008 |

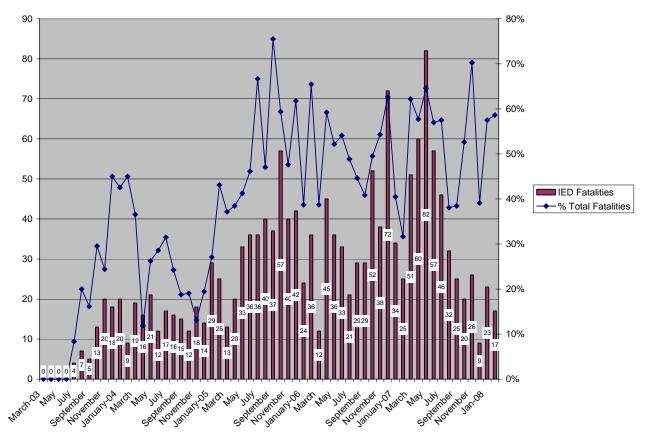
NOTE ON TOP NON-U.S. COALITION CONTRIBUTORS OF MILITARY PERSONNEL IN IRAQ TABLE: *Number of Total Coalition Troops is from "Iraq Weekly Status Report," *Department of State*, February 20, 2008. In addition to the United States, 25 countries are contributors to Iraqi Stability Operations as of March 14, 2007: Albania, Armenia, Australia, Azerbaijan, Bosnia/Herzegovina, Bulgaria, Czech Republic, Denmark, El Salvador, Estonia, Georgia, Japan, Kazakhstan, Latvia, Lithuania, Macedonia, Moldova, Mongolia, Poland, Romania, Singapore, Slovakia, South Korea, Ukraine, and the United Kingdom. Fiji is participating as part of the UN mission in Iraq and Hungary, Iceland, Italy, Netherlands, Portugal, Slovenia and Turkey are NATO countries supporting Iraqi stability operations but are not part of MNF-I. "Iraq Weekly Status Report," *Department of State*, January 24, 2007.

NUMBER OF DAILY INSURGENT ATTACKS IN IRAO BY PROVINCE 51

| | Number of Attacks per Day | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|-------------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|-----------------------|------------|
| Province | Feb-June 05 | Aug 05- Jan 06 | Feb-May 06 | May- Aug 06 | Aug- Nov 06 | Nov 06- Feb 07 | Feb-Apr 07 | May-July 07 | July-Nov 07 | Cumulative Average | % of Total |
| Baghdad | 20.3 | 21.0 | 28.9 | 30.3 | 39.5 | 44.8 | 50.7 | 58.0 | 27.5 | 35.7 | 30.3% |
| Al Anbar | 12.3 | 23.3 | 22.0 | 31.1 | 41.2 | 35.3 | 25.8 | 11.1 | 5.2 | 23.0 | 19.5% |
| Salah ad Din | 8.0 | 13.8 | 13.7 | 15.5 | 20.3 | 22.8 | 26.2 | 28.4 | 17.0 | 18.4 | 15.6% |
| Diyala | 3.1 | 5.4 | 8.3 | 14.5 | 15.7 | 16.8 | 21.8 | 25.2 | 13.4 | 13.8 | 11.7% |
| Ninawa | 10.4 | 8.5 | 7.6 | 10.3 | 9.8 | 11.5 | 15.0 | 14.2 | 14.1 | 11.3 | 9.6% |
| Al Tamim | 3.1 | 4.7 | 4.3 | 4.8 | 4.2 | 5.0 | 5.7 | 7.0 | 5.8 | 5.0 | 4.2% |
| Al Basrah | 1.2 | 1.1 | 2.0 | 2.4 | 4.9 | 7.8 | 8.0 | 8.8 | 3.9 | 4.5 | 3.8% |
| Babil | 1.5 | 1.8 | 1.2 | 1.9 | 2.8 | 2.0 | 3.5 | 3.7 | 2.1 | 2.3 | 1.9% |
| Maysan | 0.6 | 0.5 | 0.8 | 0.6 | 1.4 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.4 | 0.4% |
| Al Qadisiyah | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.8 | 2.0 | 1.0 | 2.0 | 2.5 | 1.0 | 1.1 | 0.9% |
| Dhi Qar | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 1.5 | 0.5 | 0.3 | 0.7 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 0.4% |
| Wasit | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 0.4 | 1.8 | 1.2 | 0.6 | 2 | 0.4 | 0.8 | 0.6% |
| Karbala | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 1.5 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 0.2% |
| Al Muthanna | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 1.5 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 0.2% |
| An Najaf | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 1.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 0.2% |
| Arbil | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.2 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 0.1% |
| As Sulaymaniyah | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.1% |
| Dahuk | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.1% |
| TOTAL | 61.8 | 81.1 | 89.9 | 113.4 | 152.9 | 148.9 | 159.8 | 161.6 | 91.0 | 117.8 | |

NOTE ON CHART: Exact dates of analysis for each column are as follows: February 12-June 24, 2005; August 29, 2005-January 20, 2006; February 11-May 12, 2006; May 20-August 4, 2006; August 12-November 10, 2006; November 11, 2006-February 9, 2007; February 13-May 4, 2007; May 5-July 20, 2007; July 21-November 10, 2007.

U.S. MILITARY FATALITIES CAUSED BY IMPROVISED EXPLOSIVE DEVICES⁵²



Total through February 27, 2008: 1,598 (40.2% of all fatalities)

ADDITIONAL STATISTICS CONCERNING IED'S⁵³:

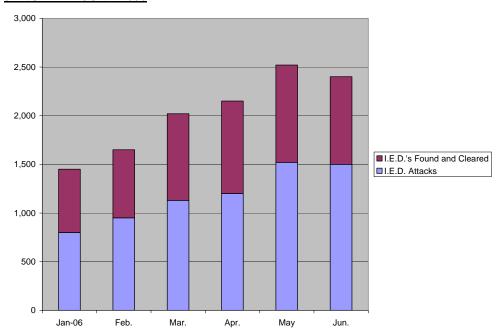
- *The Army reports that IED's are responsible for 80% of all soldier casualties (deaths and injuries)
- *Despite the enemy deploying twice as many IED's as a year ago, casualties have remained steady, with less then 10% causing casualties
- *This is because U.S. troops are now detecting and successfully disarming approximately 50% of IED's
- *The Pentagon is requesting an additional \$6.4 billion for its Joint Improvised Explosive Device Defeat Organization (JIEDDO)
- *Explosively Formed Projectiles (EFP's), the most lethal type of IED, make up only 2% of all IED's found in Iraq but account for a "very large percentage" of U.S. soldiers killed by IED's, according to Col. Barry Shoop, chief scientist for the JIEDDO

NUMBER OF EXPLOSIVELY FORMED PROJECTILE (EFP) ATTACKS AGAINST U.S. TROOPS BY MONTH⁵⁴

| MONTH | NUMBER OF EFP ATTACKS |
|---------------|-----------------------|
| December 2006 | 62 |
| April 2007 | 65 |
| May | ~60 |
| July | 99 |
| August | 78 |
| September | 52 |
| October | 53 |
| November | < 40 |

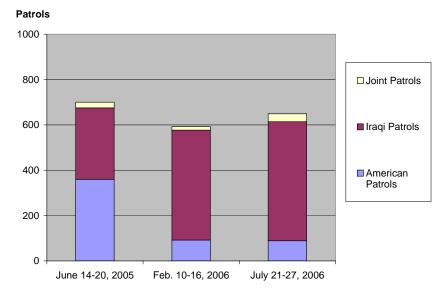
NOTE ON THIS TABLE: EFP's are technologically advanced IED's capable of penetrating armored vehicles. U.S. officials have asserted that because of the sophistication needed to correctly produce them, EFP's are manufactured in Iran and smuggled into Iraq.

<u>IMPROVISED EXPLOSIVE DEVICES (IED'S) DETONATED AND DISARMED JANUARY – JUNE 2006</u>

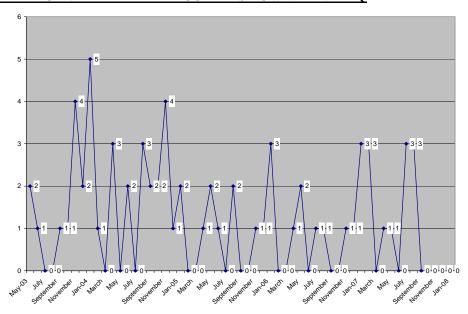


NOTE ON IMPROVISED EXPLOSIVE DEVICES: "In June, there were 1,481 I.E.D. attacks throughout Iraq, and 903 instances in which the bombs were found and neutralized, according to figures compiled by the American military in Baghdad. That is a sharp increase since January, when there were 834 such attacks and 620 cases in which the bombs were found before they exploded." Michael Gordon, "A Platoon's Mission: Seeking and Destroying Explosives in Disguise," *The New York Times*, July 12, 2006. Numbers are author's approximations based on data published in the *New York Times*.

AVERAGE NUMBER OF DAILY PATROLS IN BAGHDAD 55



AMERICAN MILITARY HELICOPTERS DOWNED IN IRAQ⁵⁶



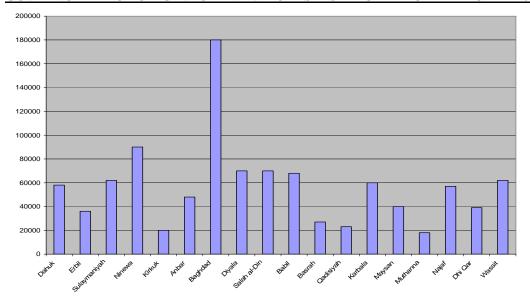
Total through February 27, 2008: 68

NOTE ON AMERICAN MILITARY HELICOPTERS DOWNED IN IRAQ TABLE: Of the 67 helicopters downed in Iraq since May 2003, at least 36 were downed by enemy fire. Of the three January 2006 crashes, two are still being investigated. One was shot down by enemy fire and is included above. We have counted one of the others as being downed by enemy fire as well, given the available evidence. Hostile fire is suspected in the July 2006 crash, but it has not been confirmed and therefore not counted as such. November 2006 crash is still under investigation.

TOTAL NUMBER OF INTERNALLY DISPLACED PERSONS (IDP'S) BY REGION OF CURRENT RESIDENCE AS OF APRIL 2007⁵⁷

| AS OF AT KIL 2007 | |
|-------------------|--------------------|
| PROVINCE | IDP'S IN RESIDENCE |
| SULAYMANIYAH | 332,736 |
| ERBIL | 223,716 |
| DAHUK | 184,400 |
| KARBALA | 164,550 |
| BAGHDAD | 143,202 |
| MAYSAN | 142,146 |
| BASRAH | 120,468 |
| DIYALA | 80,250 |
| NINEWA | 76,062 |
| ANBAR | 71,376 |
| NAJAF | 66,864 |
| SALAH AL-DIN | 65,196 |
| BABIL | 62,850 |
| WASIT | 61,398 |
| DHI QAR | 57,264 |
| QADISIYAH | 25,524 |
| MUTHANNA | 15,438 |
| KIRKUK | 13,944 |
| TOTAL | 1,907,384 |

GOVERNORATE OF ORIGIN FOR INDIVIDUALS DISPLACED FROM FEBRUARY 2006 TO JUNE 2007⁵⁸



INTERNALLY DISPLACED PERSONS IN IRAQ⁵⁹

Since April 2003

| 2003 | 100,000 | |
|------|-----------|--|
| 2004 | 200,000 | |
| 2005 | 250,000 | |
| 2006 | 685,000 | |
| 2007 | 1,375,000 | |

NOTE: Numbers are cumulative, but DO NOT include those displaced prior to March 2003 (approximately 1 million).

MIGRATION INDICATORS 60

September 2007

| Iraqi Refugees living abroad | 2.2-2.4 million |
|--|-------------------|
| Iraqi Refugees in Syria | 1.4-1.5 million |
| Iraqi Refugees in Jordan | 700,000 - 750,000 |
| Iraqi Refugees in Egypt, Lebanon, Iran | 175,000 - 200,000 |
| Iraqi Refugees in the Gulf States | 200,000 |

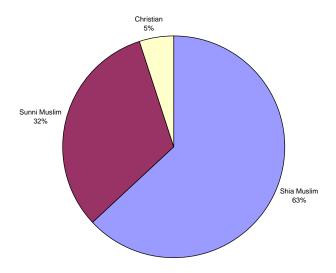
NOTE: Not all Iraqis refugees fled because of the current war.

REFUGEES AND ASYLUM SEEKERS⁶¹

| 2003-2004 | 366,000 |
|-----------|-----------|
| 2005 | 889,000 |
| 2006 | 1,800,000 |
| 2007 | 2,400,000 |

NOTE: Figures in the above table are cumulative.

RELIGION OF IDP'S DISPLACED BETWEEN FEBRUARY 2006 AND NOVEMBER 2007 62



NOTE ON THIS GRAPH: Approximately 0.1% is classified as "Yazidi", "Sabean Mandean" or "Unknown".

NUMBER OF IRAQI ASYLUM APPLICATIONS BY COUNTRY, 2006 AND JANUARY TO JUNE 2007 63

| COUNTRY | 2006 | JANUARY-JUNE 2007 |
|----------------|--------|-------------------|
| SWEDEN | 8,950 | 9,329 |
| NETHERLANDS | 2,765 | 562 |
| GERMANY | 2,065 | 817 |
| GREECE | 1,415 | 3,485 |
| UNITED KINGDOM | 1,305 | 665 |
| NORWAY | 1,000 | 485 |
| SWITZERLAND | 815 | 513 |
| BELGIUM | 695 | 372 |
| DENMARK | 505 | 459 |
| AUSTRIA | 380 | 188 |
| FINLAND | 225 | 106 |
| IRELAND | 215 | 141 |
| SLOVAKIA | 205 | 76 |
| CANADA | 190 | 129 |
| AUSTRALIA | 185 | 86 |
| CYPRUS | 130 | 90 |
| UNITED STATES | 535 | 385 |
| FRANCE | 115 | 69 |
| TOTAL | 21,695 | 17,957 |

SIZE OF IRAOI SECURITY FORCES ON DUTY⁶⁴

| | RAQI SECURITY FO | | | | |
|---|--|---------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|---|
| Month | General Police | National Guard | Iraqi Armed | Border | Total Iraqi |
| | Capabilities | | Forces | Patrol | Security Forces |
| May 2003 | 7,000 – 9,000 | N/A | 0 | N/A | 7,000 – 9,000 |
| June | N/A | N/A | 0 | N/A | N/A |
| July | 30,000 | N/A | 0 | N/A | 30,000 |
| August | 34,000 | 670 | 0 | 2,500 | 37,170 |
| September | 37,000 | 2,500 | 0 | 4,700 | 44,200 |
| October | 55,000 | 4,700 | 700 | 6,400 | 66,800 |
| November | 68,800 | 12,700 | 900 | 12,400 | 94,800 |
| December | 71,600 | 15,200 | 400 | 12,900 | 99,600 |
| January 2004 | 66,900 | 19,800 | 1,100 | 21,000 | 108,800 |
| February | 77,100 | 27,900 | 2,000 | 18,000 | 125,000 |
| March | 75,000 | 33,560 | 3,005 | 23,426 | 134,991 |
| April | 80,016 | 23,123 | 2,367 | 18,747 | 124,253 |
| May | 90,803 | 24,873 | 3,939 | 16,097 | 135,712 |
| June | 83,789 | 36,229 | 7,116 | 18,183 | 145,317 |
| July | 31,300 | 36,229 | 7,700 | 19,859 | 95,088 |
| August | 32,942 | 37,925 | 6,288 | 14,313 | 91,468 |
| September | 40,152 | 36,496 | 7,747 | 14,313 | 98,708 |
| October | 44,728 | 41,261 | 6,861 | 18,148 | 110,998 |
| November | 49,455 | 43,445 | 6,013 | 14,593 | 113,506 |
| December | 53,571 | 40,115 | 14,500 | 14,267 | 118,009 |
| January 2005 | 58,964 | 36,827 | 14,796 | 14,786 | 125,373 |
| February | 82,072 | | 689 | N/A | 123,373 |
| rebruary | "trained and equipped" | / | tional" | IVA | Trained and Effective: General Myers: 40,000 Senator Biden: 4,000 – 18,000 |
| March | 84,327 | 67, | 584 | N/A | 151,618 Trained and Effective: Lt. Gen Petraeus: 50,000 "off-the-cuff" |
| A | 86,982 | 72, | £11 | N/A | 159,493 |
| April | | | | | 159,495 |
| May | 91,256 | | 971 | N/A | |
| June | 92,883 | 75, | | N/A | 168,674 |
| July | 94,800 | , | 100 | N/A | 173,900 26,000 in Army in level I and II |
| August | 101,000 | 81, | | N/A | 182,900 |
| September October ⁶⁶ | 104,300 | 87, | | N/A | 192,100 ~ 30,000 in Army in level I and II ⁶⁵ 211,000 |
| | 111,000 | | ,000 | N/A | ~32,000 in level I and II ⁶⁷ |
| November | 112,000 | | ,000 | N/A | 214,000 |
| December | 118,000 | | ,700 | N/A | 223,700 |
| January 2006 | 120,400 | | ,900 | N/A | 227,300 |
| February | 123,600 | 108 | ,500 | N/A | 232,100 ~46,000 MOD forces and 8,000 MOI forces in Level I and II ⁶⁸ |
| March | 134,800 | 115 | ,700 | N/A | 250,500 |
| April | 138,700 | 115 | | N/A | 253,700 |
| May | 145,500 | | ,900 | N/A | 265,600 |
| June | 148,500 | | ,100 | N/A | 264,600 |
| July | 154,500 | | ,100 | N/A | 269,600 |
| August | 167,900 | | ,100 | N/A | 298,000 |
| September | 176,200 | | ,600 | N/A | 307,800 |
| October | 180,800 | | ,600 | N/A | 312,400 |
| November | 188,300 | | ,700 | N/A | 323,000 |
| December | 188,300 | | ,700 | N/A | 323,000 |
| January 2007 | 188,300 | | ,700 | N/A | 323,000 |
| February | 188,260 | | ,920 | N/A | 323,180 |
| March | 193,300 | | ,500 | N/A | 329,800 |
| April | 193,300 | 139 | | N/A | 333,100 |
| May | 194,200 | 154 | , | N/A | 348,700 |
| June | 194,200 | 158 | | N/A | 353,100 |
| vuiit | 194,200 | | ,900 | N/A | 353,100 |
| July | 177,400 | | , | N/A N/A | 355,100 |
| July | 194 200 | 165 | | | |
| August | 194,200 | 165 | | | |
| August September | 194,200 | 165 | ,500 | N/A | 359,700 |
| August September October | 194,200 194,200 | 165 165 | ,500 ,500 | N/A N/A | 359,700 359,700 |
| August September October November* | 194,200 194,200 238,089 | 165 165 191 | ,500 ,500 ,541 | N/A N/A N/A | 359,700 359,700 429,630 |
| August September October November* December | 194,200 194,200 238,089 210,529 | 165 165 191 194 | ,500 ,500 ,541 ,233 | N/A N/A N/A 31,431 | 359,700 359,700 429,630 439,678 |
| August September October November* | 194,200 194,200 238,089 | 165 165 191 194 194 | ,500 ,500 ,541 | N/A N/A N/A | 359,700 359,700 429,630 |

NOTE ON IRAQI SECURITY FORCES ON DUTY TABLE: *As of November 2007, figures on Iraqi Security Forces are provided by Iraq's Ministries of Defense and Interior and not Coalition figures. Due to this, the figures now reflect the number of authorized and assigned personnel as opposed to those successfully trained by Coalition forces. Care should be taken when evaluating the quality of MOI forces as there have been various reports of Iraqi police units dominated by sectarian interests.

INDEX OF POLITICAL FREEDOM⁶⁹

| INDEA OF TOLITICAL IN | <u>EEDOM</u> |
|-----------------------|--------------|
| Israel | 8.20 |
| Lebanon | 6.55 |
| Morocco | 5.20 |
| Iraq | 5.05 |
| Palestine | 5.05 |
| Kuwait | 4.90 |
| Tunisia | 4.60 |
| Jordan | 4.45 |
| Qatar | 4.45 |
| Egypt | 4.30 |
| Sudan | 4.30 |
| Yemen | 4.30 |
| Algeria | 4.15 |
| Oman | 4.00 |
| Bahrain | 3.85 |
| Iran | 3.85 |
| United Arab Emirates | 3.70 |
| Saudi Arabia | 2.80 |
| Syria | 2.80 |
| Libya | 2.05 |
| | |

NOTE ON INDEX OF POLITICAL FREEDOM TABLE: Each country is scored on a 10-point scale, with 1 being the lowest score and 10 the highest. Indicators of freedom include election of head of government, election of parliament, fairness of electoral laws, right to organize political parties, power of elected representatives, presence of an opposition, transparency, minority participation, level of corruption, freedom of assembly, independence of the judiciary, press freedom, religious freedom, rule of law and property rights.

INDEX OF PRESS FREEDOM, 2007⁷⁰

| INDEA OF | TRESS TREEDOM, 2007 | |
|----------|-------------------------|-------|
| 150 | Ethiopia | 63.0 |
| 151 | Belarus | 63.6 |
| 152 | Pakistan | 64.8 |
| 153 | Equatorial Guinea | 65.3 |
| 154 | Syria | 66.0 |
| 155 | Libya | 66.5 |
| 156 | Sri Lanka | 67.5 |
| 157 | Iraq | 67.8 |
| 158 | Palestinian Territories | 69.8 |
| 159 | Somalia | 71.5 |
| 160 | Uzbekistan | 74.9 |
| 161 | Laos | 75.0 |
| 162 | Vietnam | 79.3 |
| 163 | China | 89.0 |
| 164 | Burma | 93.8 |
| 165 | Cuba | 96.2 |
| 166 | Iran | 96.5 |
| 167 | Turkmenistan | 103.8 |
| 168 | North Korea | 108.8 |
| 169 | Eritrea | 114.8 |
| | | |

NOTE ON INDEX OF PRESS FREEDOM TABLE: The Index rated 169 countries based on a questionnaire with 50 criteria for assessing the state of press freedom in each country. It includes every kind of violation directly affecting journalists (such as murders, imprisonment, physical attacks and threats) and news media (censorship, confiscation issues, searches and harassment). In addition to taking into account abuses attributable to the state, those carried out by armed militias, clandestine organizations or pressure groups are also considered.

The lower the score attained, the higher the degree of press freedom in that respective country. Although there is no specific information given regarding how the overall score was compiled, the top-rated countries (Finland, Iceland, Ireland and the Netherlands) received an overall score of 0.75, with the median (Cambodia and Liberia) receiving a score of 25.3. The overall average score for the Index was 31.5.

$\frac{\text{IRAQ'S RANK IN TRANSPARENCY INTERNATIONAL'S ANNUAL CORRUPTION PERCEPTIONS INDEX}{(\text{CPI})^{\frac{71}{2}}}$

| | | |
|-------------|---------|------------------------------|
| YEAR | RANK | NUMBER OF COUNTRIES SURVEYED |
| 2007 | 178 | 180 |
| 2006 | 160 (T) | 163 |
| 2005 | 137 (T) | 159 |
| 2004 | 129 (T) | 146 |
| 2003 | 113 (T) | 133 |

⁽T): Indicates years Iraq's score tied with one or more other country.

NOTE ON THIS CHART: The CPI is a composite index that draws on 14 expert opinion surveys. It scores countries on a scale from zero to ten, with zero indicating high levels of perceived corruption and ten indicating low levels of perceived corruption. Due to a lack of reliable data, Iraq was not included in the CPI survey for the years 2001 and 2002.

POLITICAL PARTIES IN IRAQ⁷²

Registered for December 2005 elections Over 300

COUNCIL SEATS BY COALITION IN NEW IRAQI LEGISLATURE 73

As of January 2006

| Coalition | Total Seats | Designation | Parties | Leaders |
|------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------|
| United Iraqi Alliance | 128 | Shiite Religious | Includes SIIC, | Includes |
| _ | | Coalition | Dawa | Abdul Aziz Hakim, |
| | | | | Ibrahim Jafari |
| Kurdistan Coalition | 53 | Kurdish Secular | Includes KDP, PUK | Includes |
| | | Coalition | · | Jalal Talabani |
| Iraqi Accordance Front | 44 | Sunni Religious | Includes General | Includes |
| _ | | Coalition | Conference of the People of | Adnan Dulaimi, |
| | | | Iraq, National Dialogue | Khalaf Elayan, Tariq |
| | | | Council, Iraqi Islamic | Hashimi |
| | | | Party | |
| National Iraqi List | 25 | Shiite / Sunni | Various | Ayad Allawi |
| | | Secular Coalition | | |
| Other | 25 | Other | Iraqi National Dialogue | |
| | | | Front (11), Islamic Union of | |
| | | | Kurdistan (5), Liberation | |
| | | | and Reconciliation Bloc (3), | |
| | | | Message Carriers (2), | |
| | | | Mithal Alousi List for the | |
| | | | Iraqi Nation (1), Iraqi | |
| | | | Turkoman Front (1), Yezidi | |
| | | | Movement for Progress and | |
| | | | Reform (1), Al Rafadeen | |
| | | | List (1) | |

IRAO NATIONAL UNITY GOVERNMENT CURRENT MEMBERSHIP & STATUS OF CABINET⁷⁴

| | | NAME | TITLE/MINISTRY | SECTARIAN GROUP | POLITICAL AFFILIATION |
|--|--|---|--|---|---|
| | | Nuri al-Maliki | Prime Minister | Shiite | Dawa |
| _ | | Barham Salih | Deputy Prime Minister | Kurd | Patriotic Union of Kurdistan |
| È | | Barriani Saiiri | Deputy Filme Minister | Kulu | Tawafiq (Iraqi Accordance Front); |
| LEADERSHIP | | Salam al-Zawbai | Deputy Prime Minister | Sunni | Party: Iraqi People's Conference |
| 色 | | Jalal Talibani | President | Kurd | Patriotic Union of Kurdistan |
| Ψ | | Jaiai Talibatii | Tresident | Ruiu | Tawafiq (Iraqi Accordance Front); |
| LE | | Tariq al-Hashemi | Vice President | Sunni | Party: Iraqi Islamic Party |
| | | Adel Abd al-Mahdi | Vice President | Shiite | SIIC |
| | | Adel Abd al-Ivialidi | vice i resident | Silile | Silo |
| | 1 | Ali Baban | Planning | Sunni | Tawafiq (Iraqi Accordance Front); Party: Iraqi Islamic Party |
| | | 7 iii Babaii | T tarring | Curiii | Tawafiq (Iraqi Accordance Front); |
| D J | 2 | | | | Party: Gen. Council for the People of |
| Resigned August 1, | | Asad Kamal al-Hashimi | Culture | Sunni | Iraq |
| 2007 ¹ | 3 | Abid Dhiyob of High | Higher Education | Cunni | Tawafiq (Iraqi Accordance Front); |
| 2007 | - | Abid Dhiyab al-Ujayli | Higher Education Minister of State for Women's | Sunni | Party: Iraqi Islamic Party Tawafiq (Iraqi Accordance Front); |
| | 4 | Fatin Abd al-Rahman | Minister of State for Women's Affairs | Sunni | Party: Iraqi Islamic Party |
| | | i aun Abu ar-Nannan | Minister of State for Foreign | Julia | i aity. Iraqi islamlic Falty |
| | 5 | Rafi al-Issawi | Affairs | Sunni | Tawafiq (Iraqi Accordance Front) |
| | _ | | | | |
| | 6 | Abd al-Falah al-Sudani | Trade | Shiite | Dawa Party |
| | 7 | Khudayr al-Khuzai | Education | Shiite | Dawa Party |
| | 8 | Shirwan al-Waili | Minister of State for National Security | Shiite | Dawa Party |
| | 9 | Husayn al-Shahristani | Oil | Shiite | Unaffiliated |
| | 10 | Salih al-Hasnawi | Health | Shiite | Independent |
| | 11 | Ali al-Bahadli | Agriculture | Shiite | Independent |
| | | | | | |
| Resigned | 12 | Liwa Sumaysim | Tourism & Antiquities | Shiite | Sadr |
| April 16, | 13 | Saad Tahir Abd Khalaf al-Hashimi | Provincial Affairs | Shiite | Sadr |
| 2007^{2} | 14 | Karim Mehdi Saleh | Transportation | Shiite | Sadr |
| | 15 | Adil al-Asadi | Civil Society | Shiite | Sadr |
| | 16 | EMPTY* | Justice | N/A | |
| | 1.7 | | | Shiite | Unaffiliated |
| | 17 | Mahmud Muhammad Jawad al-Radi | Labor & Social Affairs | | |
| | 18 | Mahmud Muhammad Jawad al-Radi Riyadh Gharib | Municipalities & Public Works | Shiite | SIIC |
| | | Mahmud Muhammad Jawad al-Radi | Municipalities & Public Works Finance & Banking | | |
| | 18 19 | Mahmud Muhammad Jawad al-Radi Riyadh Gharib Bayan Jabr | Municipalities & Public Works Finance & Banking Minister of State for National | Shiite Shiite | SIIC SIIC |
| | 18 | Mahmud Muhammad Jawad al-Radi Riyadh Gharib | Municipalities & Public Works Finance & Banking | Shiite | SIIC |
| Announced | 18 19 | Mahmud Muhammad Jawad al-Radi Riyadh Gharib Bayan Jabr | Municipalities & Public Works Finance & Banking Minister of State for National | Shiite Shiite | SIIC SIIC |
| Announced Boycott of | 18 19 20 | Mahmud Muhammad Jawad al-Radi Riyadh Gharib Bayan Jabr Akram al-Hakim | Municipalities & Public Works Finance & Banking Minister of State for National Dialogue | Shiite Shiite Shiite | SIIC SIIC |
| Boycott of Cabinet | 18 19 20 21 | Mahmud Muhammad Jawad al-Radi Riyadh Gharib Bayan Jabr Akram al-Hakim Muhammad Tawfiq al-Allawi | Municipalities & Public Works Finance & Banking Minister of State for National Dialogue Communications | Shiite Shiite Shiite Shiite | SIIC SIIC SIIC Iraq National List |
| Boycott of Cabinet Meetings | 18 19 20 21 22 | Mahmud Muhammad Jawad al-Radi Riyadh Gharib Bayan Jabr Akram al-Hakim Muhammad Tawfiq al-Allawi Abd al-Qadir Muhammad Jasim | Municipalities & Public Works Finance & Banking Minister of State for National Dialogue Communications Defense | Shiite Shiite Shiite Shiite Sunni | SIIC SIIC SIIC Iraq National List Unaffiliated |
| Boycott of Cabinet | 18 19 20 21 22 23 | Mahmud Muhammad Jawad al-Radi Riyadh Gharib Bayan Jabr Akram al-Hakim Muhammad Tawfiq al-Allawi Abd al-Qadir Muhammad Jasim Raid Fahmi Jahid | Municipalities & Public Works Finance & Banking Minister of State for National Dialogue Communications Defense Science & Technology | Shiite Shiite Shiite Shiite Shiite Sunni Shiite | SIIC SIIC Iraq National List Unaffiliated Iraqi Communist Party |
| Boycott of Cabinet Meetings August 6, | 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 | Mahmud Muhammad Jawad al-Radi Riyadh Gharib Bayan Jabr Akram al-Hakim Muhammad Tawfiq al-Allawi Abd al-Qadir Muhammad Jasim Raid Fahmi Jahid Wijdan Mikhail Salim Muhammad Abbas al-Uraybi Jawad al-Bolani | Municipalities & Public Works Finance & Banking Minister of State for National Dialogue Communications Defense Science & Technology Human Rights Minister of State Without Portfolio | Shiite Shiite Shiite Shiite Shiite Sunni Shiite Christian Kurd Shiite Shiite | SIIC SIIC SIIC Iraq National List Unaffiliated Iraqi Communist Party Iraqi National Accord Iraq National List Unaffiliated |
| Boycott of Cabinet Meetings August 6, | 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 | Mahmud Muhammad Jawad al-Radi Riyadh Gharib Bayan Jabr Akram al-Hakim Muhammad Tawfiq al-Allawi Abd al-Qadir Muhammad Jasim Raid Fahmi Jahid Wijdan Mikhail Salim Muhammad Abbas al-Uraybi Jawad al-Bolani Karim Wahid al-Hasan | Municipalities & Public Works Finance & Banking Minister of State for National Dialogue Communications Defense Science & Technology Human Rights Minister of State Without Portfolio Interior Electricity | Shiite Shiite Shiite Shiite Shiite Sunni Shiite Christian Kurd Shiite Shiite Shiite Shiite | SIIC SIIC SIIC Iraq National List Unaffiliated Iraqi Communist Party Iraqi National Accord Iraq National List Unaffiliated Unaffiliated Unaffiliated |
| Boycott of Cabinet Meetings August 6, | 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 | Mahmud Muhammad Jawad al-Radi Riyadh Gharib Bayan Jabr Akram al-Hakim Muhammad Tawfiq al-Allawi Abd al-Qadir Muhammad Jasim Raid Fahmi Jahid Wijdan Mikhail Salim Muhammad Abbas al-Uraybi Jawad al-Bolani Karim Wahid al-Hasan Latif Rashid | Municipalities & Public Works Finance & Banking Minister of State for National Dialogue Communications Defense Science & Technology Human Rights Minister of State Without Portfolio Interior Electricity Water Resources | Shiite Shiite Shiite Shiite Sunni Shiite Christian Kurd Shiite Shiite Shiite Shiite Kurd | SIIC SIIC SIIC Iraq National List Unaffiliated Iraqi Communist Party Iraqi National Accord Iraq National List Unaffiliated Unaffiliated Unaffiliated Patriotic Union of Kurdistan |
| Boycott of Cabinet Meetings August 6, | 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 | Mahmud Muhammad Jawad al-Radi Riyadh Gharib Bayan Jabr Akram al-Hakim Muhammad Tawfiq al-Allawi Abd al-Qadir Muhammad Jasim Raid Fahmi Jahid Wijdan Mikhail Salim Muhammad Abbas al-Uraybi Jawad al-Bolani Karim Wahid al-Hasan Latif Rashid Nermin Othman | Municipalities & Public Works Finance & Banking Minister of State for National Dialogue Communications Defense Science & Technology Human Rights Minister of State Without Portfolio Interior Electricity Water Resources Environment | Shiite Shiite Shiite Shiite Sunni Shiite Christian Kurd Shiite Shiite Shiite Kurd Kurd Kurd | SIIC SIIC SIIC Iraq National List Unaffiliated Iraqi Communist Party Iraqi National Accord Iraq National List Unaffiliated Unaffiliated Unaffiliated Patriotic Union of Kurdistan Patriotic Union of Kurdistan |
| Boycott of Cabinet Meetings August 6, | 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 | Mahmud Muhammad Jawad al-Radi Riyadh Gharib Bayan Jabr Akram al-Hakim Muhammad Tawfiq al-Allawi Abd al-Qadir Muhammad Jasim Raid Fahmi Jahid Wijdan Mikhail Salim Muhammad Abbas al-Uraybi Jawad al-Bolani Karim Wahid al-Hasan Latif Rashid Nermin Othman Bayan Dizayee | Municipalities & Public Works Finance & Banking Minister of State for National Dialogue Communications Defense Science & Technology Human Rights Minister of State Without Portfolio Interior Electricity Water Resources Environment Housing & Construction | Shiite Shiite Shiite Shiite Shiite Sunni Shiite Christian Kurd Shiite Shiite Shiite Kurd Kurd Kurd Kurd | SIIC SIIC SIIC Iraq National List Unaffiliated Iraqi Communist Party Iraqi National Accord Iraq National List Unaffiliated Unaffiliated Unaffiliated Patriotic Union of Kurdistan Patriotic Union of Kurdistan Kurdistan Democratic Party |
| Boycott of Cabinet Meetings August 6, | 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 | Mahmud Muhammad Jawad al-Radi Riyadh Gharib Bayan Jabr Akram al-Hakim Muhammad Tawfiq al-Allawi Abd al-Qadir Muhammad Jasim Raid Fahmi Jahid Wijdan Mikhail Salim Muhammad Abbas al-Uraybi Jawad al-Bolani Karim Wahid al-Hasan Latif Rashid Nermin Othman Bayan Dizayee Fawzi al-Hariri | Municipalities & Public Works Finance & Banking Minister of State for National Dialogue Communications Defense Science & Technology Human Rights Minister of State Without Portfolio Interior Electricity Water Resources Environment Housing & Construction Industry & Minerals | Shiite Shiite Shiite Shiite Shiite Sunni Shiite Christian Kurd Shiite Shiite Shiite Kurd Kurd Kurd Kurd Christian Kurd | SIIC SIIC SIIC Iraq National List Unaffiliated Iraqi Communist Party Iraqi National Accord Iraq National List Unaffiliated Unaffiliated Unaffiliated Patriotic Union of Kurdistan Patriotic Union of Kurdistan Kurdistan Democratic Party Kurdistan Democratic Party |
| Boycott of Cabinet Meetings August 6, | 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 | Mahmud Muhammad Jawad al-Radi Riyadh Gharib Bayan Jabr Akram al-Hakim Muhammad Tawfiq al-Allawi Abd al-Qadir Muhammad Jasim Raid Fahmi Jahid Wijdan Mikhail Salim Muhammad Abbas al-Uraybi Jawad al-Bolani Karim Wahid al-Hasan Latif Rashid Nermin Othman Bayan Dizayee Fawzi al-Hariri Hoshyar Mahmud Zebari | Municipalities & Public Works Finance & Banking Minister of State for National Dialogue Communications Defense Science & Technology Human Rights Minister of State Without Portfolio Interior Electricity Water Resources Environment Housing & Construction Industry & Minerals Foreign Affairs | Shiite Shiite Shiite Shiite Shiite Sunni Shiite Christian Kurd Shiite Shiite Shiite Kurd Kurd Kurd Kurd Kurd Kurd Kurd Kurd | SIIC SIIC SIIC Iraq National List Unaffiliated Iraqi Communist Party Iraqi National Accord Iraq National List Unaffiliated Unaffiliated Unaffiliated Patriotic Union of Kurdistan Patriotic Union of Kurdistan Kurdistan Democratic Party Kurdistan Democratic Party Kurdistan Democratic Party |
| Boycott of Cabinet Meetings August 6, | 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 | Mahmud Muhammad Jawad al-Radi Riyadh Gharib Bayan Jabr Akram al-Hakim Muhammad Tawfiq al-Allawi Abd al-Qadir Muhammad Jasim Raid Fahmi Jahid Wijdan Mikhail Salim Muhammad Abbas al-Uraybi Jawad al-Bolani Karim Wahid al-Hasan Latif Rashid Nermin Othman Bayan Dizayee Fawzi al-Hariri Hoshyar Mahmud Zebari Abd al-Samad Sultan | Municipalities & Public Works Finance & Banking Minister of State for National Dialogue Communications Defense Science & Technology Human Rights Minister of State Without Portfolio Interior Electricity Water Resources Environment Housing & Construction Industry & Minerals Foreign Affairs Displacement & Migration | Shiite Shiite Shiite Shiite Shiite Shiite Sunni Shiite Christian Kurd Shiite Shiite Shiite Kurd Kurd Kurd Kurd Kurd Kurd Kurd Kurd | SIIC SIIC SIIC Iraq National List Unaffiliated Iraqi Communist Party Iraqi National Accord Iraq National List Unaffiliated Unaffiliated Unaffiliated Patriotic Union of Kurdistan Patriotic Union of Kurdistan Kurdistan Democratic Party Kurdistan Democratic Party Kurdistan Democratic Party Faili Kurd |
| Boycott of Cabinet Meetings August 6, | 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 | Mahmud Muhammad Jawad al-Radi Riyadh Gharib Bayan Jabr Akram al-Hakim Muhammad Tawfiq al-Allawi Abd al-Qadir Muhammad Jasim Raid Fahmi Jahid Wijdan Mikhail Salim Muhammad Abbas al-Uraybi Jawad al-Bolani Karim Wahid al-Hasan Latif Rashid Nermin Othman Bayan Dizayee Fawzi al-Hariri Hoshyar Mahmud Zebari | Municipalities & Public Works Finance & Banking Minister of State for National Dialogue Communications Defense Science & Technology Human Rights Minister of State Without Portfolio Interior Electricity Water Resources Environment Housing & Construction Industry & Minerals Foreign Affairs Displacement & Migration Youth & Sports | Shiite Shiite Shiite Shiite Shiite Sunni Shiite Christian Kurd Shiite Shiite Shiite Kurd Kurd Kurd Kurd Kurd Kurd Kurd Kurd | SIIC SIIC SIIC Iraq National List Unaffiliated Iraqi Communist Party Iraqi National Accord Iraq National List Unaffiliated Unaffiliated Patriotic Union of Kurdistan Patriotic Union of Kurdistan Kurdistan Democratic Party Kurdistan Democratic Party Kurdistan Democratic Party Kurdistan Democratic Party |
| Cabinet Meetings August 6, | 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 | Mahmud Muhammad Jawad al-Radi Riyadh Gharib Bayan Jabr Akram al-Hakim Muhammad Tawfiq al-Allawi Abd al-Qadir Muhammad Jasim Raid Fahmi Jahid Wijdan Mikhail Salim Muhammad Abbas al-Uraybi Jawad al-Bolani Karim Wahid al-Hasan Latif Rashid Nermin Othman Bayan Dizayee Fawzi al-Hariri Hoshyar Mahmud Zebari Abd al-Samad Sultan Jasim Muhammad Jafar | Municipalities & Public Works Finance & Banking Minister of State for National Dialogue Communications Defense Science & Technology Human Rights Minister of State Without Portfolio Interior Electricity Water Resources Environment Housing & Construction Industry & Minerals Foreign Affairs Displacement & Migration Youth & Sports Minister of State Without | Shiite Shiite Shiite Shiite Shiite Sunni Shiite Christian Kurd Shiite Shiite Shiite Kurd Kurd Kurd Kurd Kurd Christian Kurd Kurd Shiite Kurd Kurd Shiite Shiite | SIIC SIIC SIIC Iraq National List Unaffiliated Iraqi Communist Party Iraqi National Accord Iraq National List Unaffiliated Unaffiliated Unaffiliated Patriotic Union of Kurdistan Patriotic Union of Kurdistan Kurdistan Democratic Party Kurdistan Democratic Party Kurdistan Democratic Party Faili Kurd Turkoman Islamic Union |
| Boycott of Cabinet Meetings August 6, | 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 | Mahmud Muhammad Jawad al-Radi Riyadh Gharib Bayan Jabr Akram al-Hakim Muhammad Tawfiq al-Allawi Abd al-Qadir Muhammad Jasim Raid Fahmi Jahid Wijdan Mikhail Salim Muhammad Abbas al-Uraybi Jawad al-Bolani Karim Wahid al-Hasan Latif Rashid Nermin Othman Bayan Dizayee Fawzi al-Hariri Hoshyar Mahmud Zebari Abd al-Samad Sultan | Municipalities & Public Works Finance & Banking Minister of State for National Dialogue Communications Defense Science & Technology Human Rights Minister of State Without Portfolio Interior Electricity Water Resources Environment Housing & Construction Industry & Minerals Foreign Affairs Displacement & Migration Youth & Sports Minister of State Without Portfolio | Shiite Shiite Shiite Shiite Shiite Shiite Sunni Shiite Christian Kurd Shiite Shiite Shiite Kurd Kurd Kurd Kurd Kurd Kurd Kurd Kurd | SIIC SIIC SIIC Iraq National List Unaffiliated Iraqi Communist Party Iraqi National Accord Iraq National List Unaffiliated Unaffiliated Unaffiliated Patriotic Union of Kurdistan Patriotic Union of Kurdistan Kurdistan Democratic Party Kurdistan Democratic Party Kurdistan Democratic Party Faili Kurd Turkoman Islamic Union Kurdistan Islamic Union |
| Boycott of Cabinet Meetings August 6, | 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 | Mahmud Muhammad Jawad al-Radi Riyadh Gharib Bayan Jabr Akram al-Hakim Muhammad Tawfiq al-Allawi Abd al-Qadir Muhammad Jasim Raid Fahmi Jahid Wijdan Mikhail Salim Muhammad Abbas al-Uraybi Jawad al-Bolani Karim Wahid al-Hasan Latif Rashid Nermin Othman Bayan Dizayee Fawzi al-Hariri Hoshyar Mahmud Zebari Abd al-Samad Sultan Jasim Muhammad Jafar Ali Muhammad Ahmad | Municipalities & Public Works Finance & Banking Minister of State for National Dialogue Communications Defense Science & Technology Human Rights Minister of State Without Portfolio Interior Electricity Water Resources Environment Housing & Construction Industry & Minerals Foreign Affairs Displacement & Migration Youth & Sports Minister of State Without Portfolio Minister of State Without | Shiite Shiite Shiite Shiite Shiite Sunni Shiite Christian Kurd Shiite Shiite Shiite Kurd Kurd Kurd Kurd Kurd Kurd Kurd Kurd | SIIC SIIC Iraq National List Unaffiliated Iraqi Communist Party Iraqi National Accord Iraq National List Unaffiliated Unaffiliated Unaffiliated Unaffiliated Patriotic Union of Kurdistan Patriotic Union of Kurdistan Kurdistan Democratic Party Kurdistan Democratic Party Kurdistan Democratic Party Faili Kurd Turkoman Islamic Union Kurdistan Islamic Union Hizbollah Movement in Iraq (also |
| Boycott of Cabinet Meetings August 6, | 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 | Mahmud Muhammad Jawad al-Radi Riyadh Gharib Bayan Jabr Akram al-Hakim Muhammad Tawfiq al-Allawi Abd al-Qadir Muhammad Jasim Raid Fahmi Jahid Wijdan Mikhail Salim Muhammad Abbas al-Uraybi Jawad al-Bolani Karim Wahid al-Hasan Latif Rashid Nermin Othman Bayan Dizayee Fawzi al-Hariri Hoshyar Mahmud Zebari Abd al-Samad Sultan Jasim Muhammad Jafar | Municipalities & Public Works Finance & Banking Minister of State for National Dialogue Communications Defense Science & Technology Human Rights Minister of State Without Portfolio Interior Electricity Water Resources Environment Housing & Construction Industry & Minerals Foreign Affairs Displacement & Migration Youth & Sports Minister of State Without Portfolio | Shiite Shiite Shiite Shiite Shiite Sunni Shiite Christian Kurd Shiite Shiite Shiite Kurd Kurd Kurd Kurd Kurd Christian Kurd Kurd Shiite Kurd Kurd Shiite Shiite | SIIC SIIC Iraq National List Unaffiliated Iraqi Communist Party Iraqi National Accord Iraq National List Unaffiliated Unaffiliated Unaffiliated Patriotic Union of Kurdistan Patriotic Union of Kurdistan Kurdistan Democratic Party Kurdistan Democratic Party Kurdistan Democratic Party Faili Kurd Turkoman Islamic Union Kurdistan Islamic Union |

AS OF: NOVEMBER 7, 2007

Members of the Sunni Tawafiq (Accordance) Front submitted their resignation but PM Maliki did not endorse these until November 7, 2007.
 PM Maliki accepted the resignation of the Sadr loyalists but has not as of yet found acceptable nominations to fill the vacancies

³ These Ministers loyal to secular politician Iyad Allawi will boycott Cabinet meetings but continue daily administrative work

^{*}Hahem al-Shibli of the National List resigned earlier this year. His post was filled as acting justice minister by Adil al-Asadi, minister of state for civil society. Asadi resigned with the rest of the Sadr bloc

ECONOMIC & QUALITY OF LIFE INDICATORS

FUEL 75

| FUEL ⁷⁵ | Г | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|--|--|----------------------------|------------------------------------|---|--|--|
| | Millions of be | ole/dov | | Fuel supplie | | Tons/day | Overall fuel cumpli |
| Time | Millions of barr Crude oil | els/day Crude | Diesel | Millions of liters Kerosene | /day Gasoline/Benzene | Tons/day Liquid Petroleum | Overall fuel supplies as percentage of |
| Time | production | oil export | (Prod. & Imp.) | (Prod. & Imp.) | (Prod. & Imp) | Gas (Prod. & Imp.) | goal during that month |
| Estimated prewar level | 2.5 (pre-war peak) | 1.7-2.5 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | (the goals have shifted) |
| May 2003 | 0.3 | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | 10 % |
| June | 0.675 | 0.2 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | 23% |
| July | 0.925 | 0.322 ⁷⁶ | 6.5 | 4.75 | 13.5 | 1,880 | 44% |
| August September | 1.445 1.7225 | 0.646 ⁷⁷ 0.983 ⁷⁸ | 10.25 14.25 | 6.2 | 14.0 17.3 | 2,530 3,030 | 57% 70% |
| October | 2.055 | 1.149 ⁷⁹ | 14.75 | 9.6 | 16.35 | 3,700 | 78% |
| November | 2.1 | 1.52480 | 13.14 | 13.3 | 11.792 | 3,610 | 76% |
| December | 2.30 | 1.54181 | 12.29 | 9.4 | 12.9 | 3,460 | 72% |
| January 2004 | 2.440 | 1.537 | 13.91 | 11.3 | 13.32 | 3,445 | 78% |
| February | 2.276 | 1.38282 | 15.21 | 13.05 | 16.65 | 4,670 | 88% |
| March | 2.435 | 1.825 ⁸³ | 15.03 | 17.28 | 17.19 | 5,010 | 92% |
| April | 2.384 | 1.80484 | 22.75 | 4.46 | 19.3 | 3,607 | 79% |
| May | 1.887 | 1.380 ⁸⁵ 1.148 ⁸⁶ | 22.92 | 4.005 | 18.07 | 3,264 | 73% |
| June July | 2.295 | 1.148 1.406 87 | 16.47 17.95 | 4.9 5.75 | 22.3 | 3,086 3,820 | 75% 80% |
| August | 2.112 | 1.114 ⁸⁸ | 16 | 4.2 | 15.1 | 3,417 | 84% |
| September | 2.514 | 1.703 | 16.35 | 6.35 | 14.6 | 2,707 | 72% |
| October | 2.46 | 1.542 | 16.15 | 7.95 | 18.6 | 3,044 | 80% |
| November December | 1.95 2.16 | 1.320 1.520 | 16.5 18.3 | 7.7 10.5 | 17.9 17.6 | 3,324 4,222 | 77% 88% |
| January 2005 | 2.10 | 1.367 | 12.7 | 6.7 | 20.65 | 5,017 | 75% |
| February | 2.10 | 1.431 | 15.9 | 8.55 | 21.2 | 5,003 | 84% |
| March | 2.09 | 1.394 | 19.7 | 8.05 | 20.3 | 4,894 | 93% |
| April May | 2.14 2.1 | 1.398 1.308 | 18.3 22.2 | 7.6 4.4 | 23.7 22.5 | 5,219 5,030 | 97% 93% |
| June | 2.17 | 1.377 | 18.9 | 6.25 | 18.3 | 5,137 | 97% |
| July | 2.17 | 1.550 | 19.9 | 5.9 | 23.9 | 4,474 | 97% |
| August September 89 | 2.16 2.11 | 1.504 1.60 | 19.3 17.3 | 5.2 4.4 | 23.8 20.9 | 5,072 4,888 | 96% 87% |
| October | 1.91 | 1.00 | 17.0 | 8.6 | 18.9 | 4,784 | 90% |
| November | 1.98 | 1.168 | 17.3 | 8.2 | 19.9 | 5,526 | 88% |
| December | 1.92 | 1.071 | 16.1 | 8.0 | 17.5 | 5,046 | 81% |
| January 2006 February | 1.73 1.83 | 1.05 1.47 | 14.0 10.1 | 6.3 5.0 | 18.1 12.2 | 3,716 2,263 | 72% 55% |
| March | 2.1 | 1.32 | 12.0 | 5.7 | 14.9 | 2,798 | 65% |
| April | 2.14 | 1.60 | 13.5 | 4.5 | 16.9 | 2,855 | 67% |
| May | 2.13 | 1.51 | 15.2 | 4.8 | 17.4 | 3,577 | 82% |
| June July | 2.30 2.22 | 1.67 1.68 | 15.7 11.0 | 4.3 2.78 | 16.1 13.3 | 3,217 1,719 | 80% 52% |
| August | 2.24 | 1.68 | 12.4 | 4.47 | 16.5 | 3,242 | 71% |
| September | 2.34 | 1.65 | 13.4 | 6.0 | 18.3 | 3,270 | 77% |
| October November | 2.26 2.10 | 1.55 1.44 | 10.8 11.1 | 4.7 6.4 | 15.4 13.9 | 3,102 2,747 | 57% 54% |
| December 90 | 2.15 | 1.44 | 10.7 | 8.1 | 9.8 | 2,544 | 55% |
| January 2007 | 1.66 | 1.30 | 10.6 | 4.4 | 11.2 | 2,945 | 52% |
| February | 2.08 | 1.50 | 11.3 | 5.7 | 13.0 | 3,101 | 61% |
| March April | 2.08 2.14 | 1.58 1.50 | 8.3 12.8 | 4.2 5.3 | 12.1 13.8 | 2,598 2,841 | 57% 66% |
| May | 2.03 | 1.64 | 9.2 | 3.5 | 12.1 | 2,010 | 56% |
| June | 2.00 | 1.47 | 9.7 | 3.7 | 11.0 | 2,282 | 57% |
| July | 2.07 1.91 | 1.71 1.69 | 11.0 | 2.6 3.4 | 11.2 | 2,650 | 57% 47% |
| August September | 2.30 | 1.69 | 8.9 13.4 | 8.3 | 9.6 15.2 | 1,918 3,472 | 75% |
| October | 2.34 | 1.91 | 12.4 | 8.5 | 14.4 | 3,724 | 69% |
| November | 2.38 | 1.88 | 12.2 | 7.0 | 15.9 | 3,378 | 67% |
| December January 2008 | 2.42 2.24 | 1.93 1.93 | 12.5 9.9 | 6.4 5.5 | 14.5 11.3 | 3,875 3,019 | 68% 56% |
| February | 2.34 | 1.88 | 9.4 | 6.4 | 11.6 | 3,655 | 61% |
| Stated Interim | 2.2 | N/A | 24.5 | 14.6 | 26.8 | 5,100 | We assume that |
| Goal: | revised up from 2.1 in January 2008 | | revised up from 22.4 in | revised up from 13.4 in October | revised up from 23.1 in October 2007 | Revised down from 5,130 in May 2007 | supplies for each category cannot |
| | E. Above data as of Esh | | August 2007 | 2007 | vice is 4.0 for LDC 2.0 for a | , | exceed 100% of goal |

NOTE ON FUEL TABLE: Above data as of February 17, 2008. The ratio of Iraq price to international price is 4.0 for LPG, 3.0 for regular and 6.9 for premium gasoline, 0.7 for kerosene and 1.5 for diesel. 91 Kerosene imports began 5 October, 2003. All previous months cover only production.

OIL REVENUE FROM EXPORTS²²

| OIL REVENUE FROM | |
|-------------------|---------------------------|
| Time | Oil revenue (\$ billions) |
| June 2003 | 0.2 |
| July | 0.36 |
| August | 0.44 |
| September | 0.73 |
| October | 0.89 |
| November | 1.21 |
| December | 1.26 |
| January 2004 | 1.26 |
| February | 1.10 |
| March | 1.61 |
| April | 1.50 |
| May | 1.36 |
| June | 1.28 |
| July | 1.40 |
| August | 1.24 |
| September | 1.75 |
| October | 1.99 |
| November | 1.25 |
| December | 1.44 |
| January 2005 | 1.49 |
| February | 1.34 |
| March | 1.99 |
| April | 1.83 |
| May | 1.57 |
| June | 2.03 |
| | |
| July | 2.47 |
| August | 2.63 |
| September | 2.74 |
| October | 1.90 |
| November | 1.67 |
| December | 1.60 |
| January 2006 | 1.84 |
| February | 2.16 |
| March | 2.25 |
| April | 3.02 |
| May | 2.92 |
| June | 3.03 |
| July | 3.41 |
| August | 3.44 |
| September | 2.73 |
| October | 2.45 |
| November | 2.19 |
| December | 2.46 |
| January 2007 | 1.89 |
| February | 2.11 |
| March | 2.75 |
| April | 2.75 |
| May | 3.05 |
| June | 2.87 |
| July | 3.39 |
| August | 3.49 |
| September | 3.79 |
| October | 4.44 |
| November | 3.47 |
| December | 4.27 |
| January 2008 | 5.21 |
| February | 2.77 |
| Total as of | \$124.0 |
| February 17, 2008 | Ψ1 2 T•V |
| ami j 1/9 2000 | |

ELECTRICITY 93

| Average amount of electricity generated (Megawatts) | | | Average hours of | of electricity/day | Average of mega watt hours |
|---|----------------|----------------------|--------------------|------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Time | Nation-wide | Baghdad | Nationwide | Baghdad | (MWH) |
| Estimated prewar level | 3,958 | 2,500 | 4-8 | 16-24 | 95,000 |
| May 2003 | 500 | 300 | 4-8 | 4-8 | N/A |
| June | 3,193 | 707 | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| July | 3,236 | 1,082 | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| August | 3,263 | 1,283 | N/A | N/A | 72,435 |
| September | 3,543 | 1,229 | N/A | N/A | 75,000 |
| October | 3,948 | N/A | N/A | N/A | 79,000 |
| November | 3,582 | N/A | N/A | N/A | 70,000 |
| December | 3,427 | N/A | N/A | N/A | 72,000 |
| January 2004 | 3,758 | N/A | N/A | N/A | 79,000 |
| February | 4,125 | 1,307 | 13 | 13.4 | 90,000 |
| March | 4,040 | 1,192 | 16 | 16.4 | 86,000 |
| April | 3,823 | 1,021 | 15 | 14.8 | 78,000 |
| May | 3,902 | 1,053 | 11 | 12.2 | 80,000 |
| June | 4,293 | 1,198 | 10 | 11 | 93,500 |
| July | 4,584 | N/A | 10 | 12 | 100,300 |
| August | 4,707 | 1,440 | 13 | 15 | 109,900 |
| September | 4,467 | 1,485 | 13 | 14 | 107,200 99,306 |
| October | 4,074 | 1,280 | 13 | 16 | |
| November | 3,199 | 845 | 13 | N/A | 76,550 |
| December | 3,380 | N/A | N/A | N/A | 81,114 |
| January 2005 | 3,289 | 985 | 9 | 9.0 | 78,925 |
| February March | 3,611 3,627 | 1,180 994 | 8.5 11.8 | 10.3 11.0 | 86,675 87,051 |
| | 3,390 | 854 | 9 | 11.5 | 81,350 |
| April May | 3,712 | N/A | 8.4 | 9.5 | 89,088 |
| June | 4,153 | N/A | 9.4 | 10.4 | 102,525 |
| July | 4,446 | N/A | 12.6 | 10.9 | 106,713 |
| August | 4,049 | N/A | 12.0 | 8.4 | 97,165 |
| September | 4,159 | N/A | 13.5 | 10.4 | 101,916 |
| October | 3,685 | N/A | 14.3 | 8.9 | 88,442 |
| November* | 3,742 | N/A | 13.3 | 8.8 | 89,800 |
| December** | 3,800 | N/A | 12.0 | 6.1 | 91,400 |
| January 2006 | 3,640 | N/A | 9.8 | 4.0 | 87,400 |
| February | 3,700 | N/A | 10.3 | 5.9 | 88,600 |
| March | 4,000 | N/A | 13.1 | 7.8 | 96,300 |
| April | 3,700 | N/A | 10.9 | 4.5 | 88,500 |
| May | 3,900 | N/A | 9.9 | 3.9 | 92,700 |
| June | 4,400 | N/A | 11.9 | 8.0 | 106,100 |
| July | 4,400 | N/A | 11.4 | 7.0 | 106,700 |
| August | 4,430 | N/A | 10.9 | 6.2 | 106,400 |
| September | 4,000 | N/A | 10.8 | 5.3 | 95,600 |
| October | 4,000 | N/A | 12.3 | 6.7 | 96,600 |
| November | 3,700 | N/A | 10.9 | 6.9 | 88,000 |
| December | 3,500 | N/A | 9.2 | 6.7 | 85,968 |
| January 2007 | 3,590 | N/A | 8.0 | 4.4 | 86,100 |
| February | 3,600 | N/A | 9.3 | 6.0 | 86,500 |
| March | 3,600 | N/A | 10.9 | 6.0 | 86,400 |
| April | 3,830 | N/A | 11.7 | 5.8 | 91,930 |
| May | 3,720 | N/A | 10.1 | 5.6 | 89,245 |
| June | 4,200 | N/A | 10.6 | 5.9 | 100,728 |
| July | 4,220 | N/A | 10.4 | 5.9 | 101,270 |
| August | 4,380 | N/A | 10.4 | 6.3 | 105,050 |
| September | 4,860 | N/A | 11.8 | 7.4 | 116,560 |
| October | 4,725 | N/A | 12.9 | 9.0 | 113,390 |
| November | 4,140 | N/A | 12.3 | 9.0 | 99,400 |
| December | 4,270 | N/A | 11.6 | 8.9 | 102,415 |
| January 2008 | 4,030 | N/A | 8.7 | 7.0 | 96,660 |
| February | 3,850 | N/A | 9.4 | 7.3 | 92,400 |
| Stated Goal: | 6,000 | 2,500 | US Interim Target: | US Interim Target: 10- | 120,000 |
| | to have been | to have been reached | 10-12 hours | 12 hours | , |
| | reached by | by | National Target: | National Target: | |
| | July 1, 2004 | October 2003 | 24 hours | 24 hours | |

NOTE ON ELECTRICITY TABLE: The demand for electricity ranges from 8,500 to 9,000 MW nationwide. It is estimated that between 30,000-50,000 private generators are currently providing an additional 2,000-4,500 MW of power outside of the national grid⁹⁴ From May 3 thru July 31, 2007, the U.S. State Department's *Iraq Weekly Status Report* discontinued its reporting of average hours of available electricity in Baghdad and nationwide. Beginning August 1, it was once again reported once again but stipulated that the figure given was "after meeting demand for essential services".

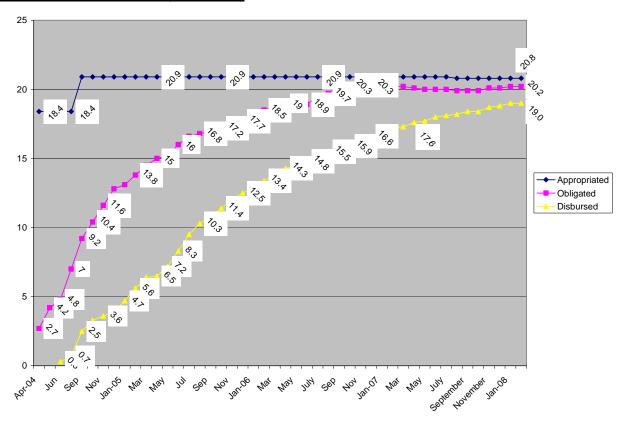
Above data as of February 19, 2008.

NATIONWIDE UNEMPLOYMENT RATE SINCE MAY, 2003 95

| <u>NATIONWIDE U</u> | <u>UNEMPLOYMENT RATE S</u> |
|---------------------|----------------------------|
| Month | Unemployment Rate |
| May 2003 | Nation-wide N/A |
| June | 50 – 60% |
| July | N/A |
| · · | 50-60% |
| August | |
| September | N/A |
| October | 40 – 50% |
| November | N/A |
| December | 45-55% |
| January 2004 | 30 – 45% |
| February | 30 – 45% |
| March | 30- 45% |
| April | 30 – 45% |
| May | 30-45% |
| June | 30-40% |
| July | 30-40% |
| August | 30-40% |
| September | 30-40% |
| October | 30-40% |
| November | 30-40% |
| December | 28-40% |
| January 2005 | 27-40% |
| February | 27-40% |
| March | 27-40% |
| April | 27-40% |
| May | 27-40% |
| June | 27-40% |
| July | 27-40% |
| August | 27-40% |
| September | 27-40% |
| October | 27-40% |
| November | 25-40% |
| December | 25-40% |
| January 2006 | 25-40% |
| February | 25-40% |
| March | 25-40% |
| April | 25-40% |
| May | 25-40% |
| June | 25-40% |
| | 25-40% |
| July | |
| August | 25-40% |
| September | 25-40% |
| October | 25-40% |
| November | 25-40% |
| December | 25-40% |
| January 2007 | 25-40% |
| February | 25-40% |
| March | 25-40% |
| April | 25-40% |
| May | 25-40% |

NOTE ON NATIONWIDE UNEMPLOYMENT TABLE: Estimates of Iraq's unemployment rate varies, but we estimate it to be between 25-40%. The CPA has referred to a 25% unemployment rate, the Iraqi Ministry of Planning mentioned a 30% unemployment rate, whereas the Iraqi Ministry of Social Affairs claims it to be 48%. There is an inherent difficulty in measuring the Iraqi rate of unemployment over time. Considering the increase in entrepreneurial activity after the end of the war, we have for the purposes of this database assumed that there has been an improvement in unemployment levels, and hence weighted information supporting such a conclusion heavier than contradictory data reports. N/A= Not available

AMERICAN AID APPROPRIATED, OBLIGATED AND DISBURSED TOWARDS THE IRAQ RELIEF AND RECONSTRUCTION FUND (IRRF I & II) 96



NOTE: As of February 19, 2008. An 'appropriation' is defined as a plan, approved by the Office of Management and Budget, to spend resources provided by law. *Quarterly Update to Congress: 2207 Report*, October 2004. An 'obligation' can be defined as "a definite commitment which creates a legal liability of the Government for the payment of appropriated funds for goods and services ordered or received."

GAO/OGC-91-5: Principles of Federal Appropriations Law, Office of the General Council, July 1991. A 'disbursement' is an actual payment (check goes out the door) for goods/services received. GAO-04-902 R: Rebuilding Iraq, General Accounting Office, June 2004.

PRICE PER LITER (IN IRAQI DINARS) OF ASSORTED FUELS IN IRAQ AT VARIOUS TIMES²⁷

| FUEL | SEPTEMBER 2005 | DECEMBER 2006 | JUNE 2007 |
|-------------|----------------|---------------|-----------|
| LPG (12 kg) | 250 | 1,000 | 3,000 |
| Regular Gas | 20 | 250 | 350 |
| Premium Gas | 50 | 350 | MARKET |
| Blended Gas | N/A | 350 | 450 |
| Kerosene | 5 | 75 | 200 |
| Diesel | 10 | 150 | 350 |

NOTE ON THIS TABLE: The main driver of the price increases was the sharp reduction or elimination of Saddam-era subsidies. This was strongly encouraged by the IMF in order to combat widespread smuggling and corruption. Official fuel prices are now by and large on par with those of Iraq's neighbors, reducing the profitability of the black market.

PLEDGES OF RECONSTRUCTION AID TO IRAQ BY COUNTRY, AS OF JULY 30, 2007 98

| PLEDGES OF RECONST | | · | |
|--------------------------|------------------|------------------|---|
| COUNTRY | PLEDGED | COMMITTED | DISBURSED |
| Australia | \$104,168,111 | \$40,253,296 | * |
| Austria | 5,700,000 | * | * |
| Belgium | 11,815,789 | 3,803,351 | 2,473,396 |
| Bulgaria | 1,300,000 | * | * |
| Canada | 286,085,242 | 178,238,910 | 106,082,427 |
| China | 38,000,000 | * | * |
| Croatia | 333,000 | * | * |
| Cyprus | 120,000 | * | * |
| Czech Republic | 14,700,000 | * | * |
| Denmark | 103,082,297 | 18,042,189 | 3,135,259 |
| Estonia | 80,000 | * | * |
| Finland | 8,834,500 | 8,834,000 | * |
| France | 32,288 | 32,288 | * |
| Germany | 12,820,513 | 807,660 | 586,276 |
| Greece | 5,414,458 | 3,614,458 | * |
| Hungary | 1,667,005 | * | * |
| Iceland | 3,200,000 | 2,700,000 | * |
| India | 11,000,000 | 7,500,000 | * |
| Iran | 1,020,000,000 | * | * |
| Ireland | 3,534,300 | 1,234,568 | * |
| Italy | 273,753,133 | 35,732,540 | 5,266,564 |
| Japan | 5,000,000,000 | 1,529,643,666 | 1,024,431,900 |
| Jordan | 1,500,000 | 75,000 | * |
| Kuwait | 516,200,000 | 10,000,000 | * |
| Lithuania | 30,000 | * | * |
| Luxembourg | 2,563,298 | 2,323,298 | * |
| Malta | 270,000 | * | * |
| Netherlands | 21,929,596 | 15,929,596 | 2,482,916 |
| New Zealand | 7,178,378 | 3,378,378 | * |
| Norway | 24,018,692 | 23,186,046 | 8,313,911 |
| Oman | 3,000,000 | * | * |
| Pakistan | 2,500,000 | * | * |
| Portugal | 600,000 | * | * |
| Qatar | 100,000,000 | 5,000,000 | * |
| Russia | 8,000,000 | * | * |
| Saudi Arabia | 1,000,000,000 | * | * |
| Singapore | 1,700,000 | * | * |
| Slovenia | 420,000 | * | * |
| South Korea | 460,000,000 | 168,334,627 | 132,017,457 |
| Spain Spain | 270,000,000 | 188,406,287 | 62.251.729 |
| Sri Lanka | 75,500 | * | 02,231,729 * |
| Sweden | 58,424,464 | 47,450,978 | 5,819,693 |
| Switzerland | 11,000,000 | 47,430,976 | 3,019,093 |
| Taiwan | 4,300,000 | * | * |
| | , , | 1,300,000 | |
| Turkey | 50,000,000 | 1,300,000 | 98,442 |
| United Arab Emirates | 215,000,000 | | |
| United Kingdom | 1,537,037,037 | 450,063,185 | 82,042,828 |
| Vietnam | 700,000 | 2 745 004 021 | 1 425 002 500 |
| Subtotal E | 11,200,787,601 | 2,745,884,821 | 1,435,002,798 |
| European Commission | 968,757,000 | 669,680,000 | 1,786,621 |
| Subtotal | 12,169,544,601 | 3,415,564,821 | 1,436,789,419 |
| INTERNATIONAL FINANC | | #4 4 000 000 | * |
| IMF (low range) | 2,550,000,000 | 714,000,000 | |
| World Bank (low range) | 3,000,000,000 | 164,240,000 | 76,014 |
| Islamic Development Bank | 500,000,000 | | * |
| Subtotal | 6,050,000,000 | 164,240,000 | 76,014 |
| momat t | 040.040.744.701 | ## ### OO 1 OO 1 | M4 14 10 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 |
| TOTAL International | \$18,219,544,601 | \$3,579,804,821 | \$1,436,865,433 |
| Donor Assistance | | | |
| * No data available | | | |

^{*} No data available

NOTES ON PLEDGES OF RECONSTRUCTION AID TABLE: Totals do not include \$10 million Madrid pledge and \$10.7 billion Compact pledge from the United States. The World Bank, United Nations and CPA estimated Iraq will need \$56 billion for reconstruction and stabilization efforts from 2004 to 2007, but that estimate is probably too low. ⁹⁹

GDP ESTIMATES AND PROJECTIONS, 2002-2008 100

| | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 e | 2006 | 2007 p | 2008 p |
|--------------------------------------|------|-------|-------|--------|-------|--------|--------|
| Nominal GDP (in USD billion) | 20.5 | 13.6 | 25.7 | 34.5 | 48.5 | | |
| Of which non-oil GDP (%) | 32.0 | 32.0 | 30.4 | 30.6 | 33.1 | | |
| Per Capita GDP (USD) | 802 | 518 | 949 | 1,237 | 1,687 | | |
| Real GDP (% change) | -7.8 | -41.4 | 46.5 | 3.7 | 5.9 | 6.1 | 7.5 |
| Overall Fiscal Balance (in % if GDP) | * | * | -40.6 | 9.8 | -6.1 | | |
| Consumer Price Inflation (annual %) | 19.0 | 34.0 | 32.0 | 32.0 | 50.0 | | · |

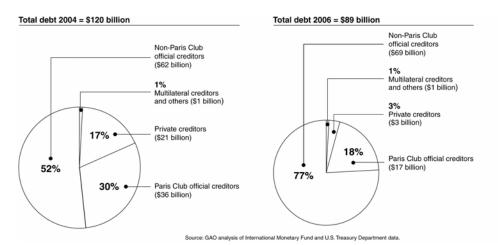
(e): IMF Estimates, (p): projections, *: Not Available

NOTE ON TABLE: 2007 and 2008 Real GDP Growth projections are provided by the authors and disagree with the figures released by the IMF and World Bank of 14.4% and 12.9% growth, respectively.

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX YEAR-OVER-YEAR PERCENTAGE CHANGE, 2004-2007

| DATE | % CHANGE |
|--------|----------|
| Dec-04 | 31.7 |
| Dec-05 | 31.6 |
| Dec-06 | 64.8 |
| Mar-07 | 36.6 |
| Apr-07 | 40.9 |
| May-07 | 38.6 |
| Jun-07 | 46.0 |

CHANGE IN IRAQ'S DEBT, 2004 to 2006 102



NOTE ON THIS TABLE: Summations may differ from totals due to rounding. Non-Paris Club official creditor debt is based on estimates since it has not been reconciled. The estimate of this debt for 2004 was made by the IMF, while the estimate for 2006 was provided by the U.S. Treasury Department.

ESTIMATED APPROPRIATIONS PROVIDED FOR OPERATION IRAQI FREEDOM BY FUNDING SOURCE, FY2003 TO FY2008 103

| | FY 2003 | FY 2004 | FY 2005 | FY 2006 | FY 2007 | FY 2008* | TOTAL thru FY08 Appropriations | PENDING FY 2008 REQUEST | TOTAL (including Pending) |
|-----------------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|-------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Department of Defense | 50.0 | 56.4 | 83.4 | 98.5 | 129.6 | 74.7 | 492.0 | 79.6 | 571.6 |
| Foreign Aid and Diplomatic Ops | 3.0 | 19.5 | 2.0 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 0.9 | 31.7 | 2.5 | 34.2 |
| VA Medical | 0 | 0 | 0.2 | 0.4 | 0.9 | 0.7 | 2.2 | 0.0 | 2.2 |
| TOTAL | 53.0 | 75.9 | 85.5 | 102.0 | 133.6 | 76.4 | 525.9 | 82.3 | 608.3 |

^{*}Includes funds provided in the First Continuing Resolution and the FY2008 Consolidated Appropriations Act.

$\mathbf{INFLATION}^{\underline{104}}$

| Time | Inflation |
|------|-----------|
| 2003 | 36% |
| 2004 | 32% |
| 2005 | 20% |
| 2006 | 50% |
| 2007 | 5% |

NOTE ON INFLATION: According to the U.S. Department of Defense's quarterly report on Iraq for March 2007, fuel shortages contributed to the increase in inflation for 2006. A liter of petrol jumped from 50 dinars per liter to 400 dinars from the end of 2005 to early 2007.

TRAINED JUDGES 105

| TRAINED GCDGES | | | | | |
|----------------|--------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Time | Number of trained judges | | | | |
| May 2003 | 0 | | | | |
| June 2004 | 175 | | | | |
| May 2005 | 351 | | | | |
| October | 351 | | | | |
| May 2006 | <800 | | | | |
| August | 740 | | | | |
| November | 800 | | | | |
| January 2007 | 870 | | | | |
| August | 1,100 | | | | |
| November | 1,200 | | | | |

NOTE ON TRAINED JUDGES CHART: As of October 2005, all provincial courts are operational and there exist 99 trained judicial investigators. 135 of 869 judges were removed because of substantial evidence of corruption or Ba'ath Party affiliation. The estimated need for is for 1,500 judges according to the US Department of Justice. 107

TELEPHONE SUBSCRIBERS 108

| TELEPHONE SUBSCRIBERS 108 | | | | | |
|---|-----------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Time | Telephone subscribers | | | | |
| Estimated prewar level | 833,000 | | | | |
| September | 600,000 | | | | |
| December | 600,000 | | | | |
| January 2004 | 600,000 | | | | |
| February | 900,000 | | | | |
| March | 984,225 | | | | |
| April | 1,095,000 | | | | |
| May | 1,220,000 | | | | |
| June | 1,200,000 | | | | |
| July | N/A | | | | |
| August | 1,463,148 | | | | |
| September | 1,579,457 | | | | |
| October | 1,753,000 | | | | |
| November | 2,135,000 | | | | |
| December | 2,152,000 | | | | |
| January 2005 | 2,449,139 | | | | |
| February | 2,569,110 | | | | |
| March | 2,982,115 | | | | |
| April | 3,172,771 | | | | |
| May | ~3,450,000 | | | | |
| June | 3,801,822 | | | | |
| July | ~4,100,000 | | | | |
| August | 4,590,398 | | | | |
| March 2006 | 6,836,854 | | | | |
| April | ~7,400,000 | | | | |
| August | ~8,100,000 | | | | |
| September | ~8,200,000 | | | | |
| October | ~8,200,000 | | | | |
| November | ~8,500,000 | | | | |
| December | ~9,800,000 | | | | |
| January 2007 | ~9,800,000 | | | | |
| April | ~9,830,000 | | | | |
| Previous goal (Jan. 2004) | 1,100,000 | | | | |
| TE ON THE EDUCATE CURCOHDERO TARLE. THE | | | | | |

NOTE ON TELEPHONE SUBSCRIBERS TABLE: The estimated pre-war level represents only land telephone lines, as Iraq had no nationwide cellular network. Post-war data includes landlines and cellular subscribers. Since landline subscribers have held fairly steady at 800,000-1,000,000 since July 2004, cellular subscribers make up the overwhelming majority of post-war telephone subscribers.

INTERNET SUBSCRIBERS 109

| Time | Internet subscribers |
|------------------------|--|
| Time | |
| | (does not include unregulated users of Internet cafes) |
| Estimated prewar level | 4,500 |
| September 2003 | 4,900 |
| January-April 2004 | N/A |
| May | 54,000 |
| June | 59,000 |
| July | 73,000 |
| August | 87,000 |
| September | 95,000 |
| October | 102,978 |
| November | 110,000 |
| January 2005 | 124,293 |
| March | 147,076 |
| April 2006 | 208,000 |
| August | 197,310 |
| November | 194,420 |
| January 2007 | 230,000 |
| April | 261,000 |
| | |

45

MEDIA 110

| Time | Commercial TV | Commercial radio | Independent newspapers |
|--------------|---------------|------------------|------------------------|
| | stations | stations | and magazines |
| Prewar | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| May 2003 | 0 | 0 | 8 |
| June 2004 | 13 | 74 | 150 |
| January 2005 | 10 | 51 | 100 |
| March | N/A | N/A | 200 |
| April | 24 | 80 | 170 |
| May | 23 | 80 | 170 |
| July | 29 | N/A | 170 |
| September | 44 | 72 | Over 100 |
| December | 44 | 91 | 294 |
| March 2006 | 54 | 114 | 268 |

DOCTORS IN IRAQ¹¹¹

| Iraqi Physicians Registered Before the 2003 Invasion | 34,000 |
|---|-----------------------------------|
| Iraqi Physicians Who Have Left Iraq Since the 2003 Invasion | 17,000 (estimate) |
| Iraqi Physicians Murdered Since 2003 Invasion | 2,000 |
| Iraqi Physicians Kidnapped | 250 |
| Average Salary of an Iraqi Physician | 7.5 million Iraqi dinars per year |
| | (or ~\$5,100 per year) |
| Annual Graduates from Iraqi Medical Schools | 2,250 |
| Percentage of Above That Will Work Outside of Iraq | 20% |

NOTE: Numbers are estimates.

NUMBER OF REGISTERED CARS¹¹²

| Pre-War | | 1.5 million |
|------------|----|-------------|
| October 20 | 05 | 3.1 million |

EDUCATION INDICATORS 113

| Number of Children Enrolled in Primary Schools Nationwide | 2002: 3.5 million |
|---|-----------------------------------|
| | 2005: 3.7 million (5.7% increase) |
| Number of Children Enrolled in Middle Schools and High Schools | 2002: 1.1 million |
| Nationwide | 2005: 1.4 million (27% increase) |
| Percent of High School aged Iraqis Enrolled in School in 2003 | 33% |
| Percent of High School aged Iraqi BOYS enrolled in 2004 | 50% |
| Percent of High School aged Iraqi GIRLS enrolled in 2004 | 35% |
| | |
| Percent of Iraq's 3.5 million students attending class (April 2007) | 30% |

NOTE ON EDUCATION INDICATORS: Education numbers do not include the Kurdish regions, which are administratively separate. Iraq's population increased to 26 million (8% increase) from 2002 to 2005. Sabrina Tavernise, "Amid Iraqi Chaos, Schools Fill After Long Decline," *New York Times*, June 26, 2006.

BAGHDAD UNIVERSITY 114

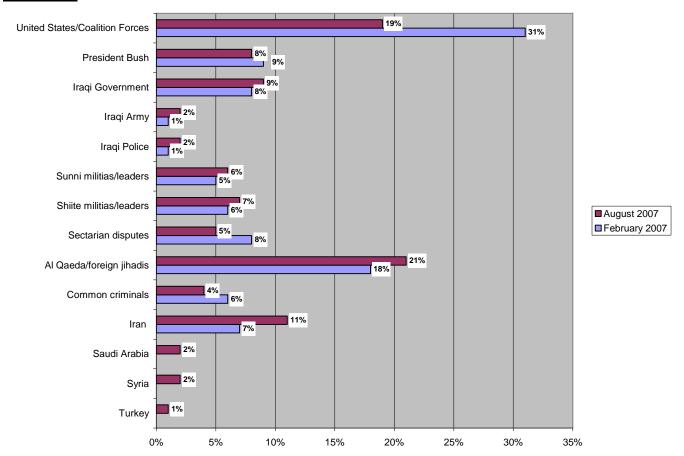
During the 2006-2007 school year, it is reported that due to security concerns only 50% of enrolled students attended classes regularly and hundreds of faculty members took unpaid leaves of absence. For the 2007-2008 school year, regular attendance has improved to approximately 80% and a significant "many teachers" have returned.

POLLING/POLITICS

IRAQ: WHERE THINGS STAND 2007 UPDATED SEPTEMBER 2007

Last of 4 Surveys Conducted by D3 Systems for the BBC, ABC News, ARD German TV and USA Today (2,112 Iraqi adults from throughout the country were interviewed)

QUESTION: WHO DO YOU BLAME THE MOST FOR THE VIOLENCE THAT IS OCCURRING IN THE COUNTRY?



QUESTION: HOW WOULD YOU SAY THINGS ARE GOING IN IRAQ OVERALL THESE DAYS?

| | \mathbf{ALL} | Shia | Sunni | Kurd |
|----------------|----------------|------|-------|------|
| FEBRUARY 2007 | | | | |
| Very Good | 4% | 4% | 1% | 11% |
| Quite Good | 31% | 46% | 4% | 46% |
| Quite Bad | 35% | 32% | 40% | 30% |
| Very Bad | 31% | 18% | 55% | 13% |
| SEPTEMBER 2007 | | | | |
| Very Good | 3% | 6% | - | * |
| Quite Good | 19% | 33% | 2% | * |
| Quite Bad | 40% | 42% | 38% | * |
| Very Bad | 38% | 20% | 60% | * |

NOTE ON THIS TABLE: Detailed breakdown of Kurdish responses not provided in September 2007 survey. For Iraqi public opinion on a similar question covering May 2004-September 2006, refer to the graph at the top of p. 53.

QUESTION: DO YOU SUPPORT THE PRESENEC OF COALITION FORCES IN IRAQ?

| | Strongly/Somewhat Support | Strongly/Somewhat Oppose |
|----------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|
| SEPTEMBER 2007 | 21% | 79% |
| DETAIL: | | |
| Shia | 17% | 83% |
| Sunni | 2% | 98% |
| FEBRUARY 2007 | 22% | 78% |
| NOVEMBER 2005 | 32% | 65% |
| FEBRUARY 2004 | 39% | 51% |

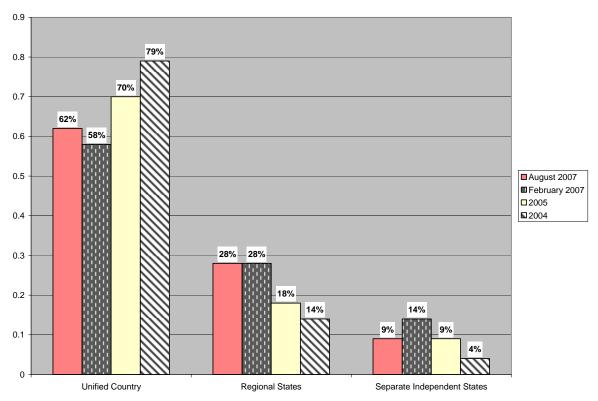
QUESTION: DO YOU THINK YOUR CHILDREN WILL HAVE A BETTER LIFE THAN YOU, WORSE, OR

ABOUT THE SAME?

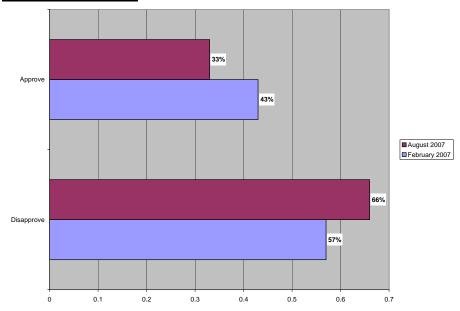
| | Better | Worse | Same |
|----------------|--------|-------|------|
| SEPTEMBER 2007 | 33% | 42% | 25% |
| DETAIL: | | | |
| Shia | 55% | 19% | 26% |
| Sunni | 7% | 72% | 22% |
| Kurd | * | * | * |
| FEBRUARY 2007 | 42% | 37% | 21% |
| DETAIL: | | | |
| Shia | 66% | 17% | 17% |
| Sunni | 6% | 71% | 22% |
| Kurd | 50% | 22% | 27% |

NOTE ON THIS TABLE: Detailed breakdown of Kurdish responses not provided in September 2007 survey.

$\frac{\text{QUESTION: WHICH OF THE FOLLOWING STRUCTURES DO YOU THINK IRAQ SHOULD HAVE IN THE }{\text{FUTURE?}}$



<u>QUESTION: DO YOU APPROVE OR DISAPPROVE OF THE WAY PRIME MINISTER NOURI AL-MALIKI IS HANDLING HIS JOB?</u>



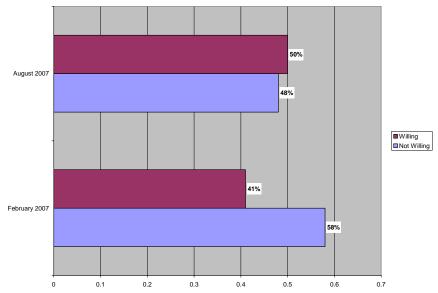
DETAIL OF RESPONSES FOR ABOVE GRAPH

| DETINE OF RESTOREST | OILIDO | V E GIUI | |
|---------------------|---------------|----------|------|
| | FEBRUARY 2007 | | 2007 |
| | Shia | Sunni | Kurd |
| APPROVE | 67% | 3% | 60% |
| DISAPPROVE | 33% | 96% | 40% |
| | | | |

| SEPTEMBER 2007 | | | |
|----------------|-------|------|--|
| Shia | Sunni | Kurd | |
| 54% | 2% | * | |
| 45% | 98% | * | |
| | | | |

NOTE ON THIS TABLE: Detailed breakdown of Kurdish responses not provided in September 2007 survey.

QUESTION: DO YOU THINK THE MEMBERS OF THE NATIONAL ASSMEBLY ARE WILLING OR NOT WILLING TO MAKE NECESSARY COMPROMISES TO BRING PEACE AND SECURITY TO THE COUNTRY?



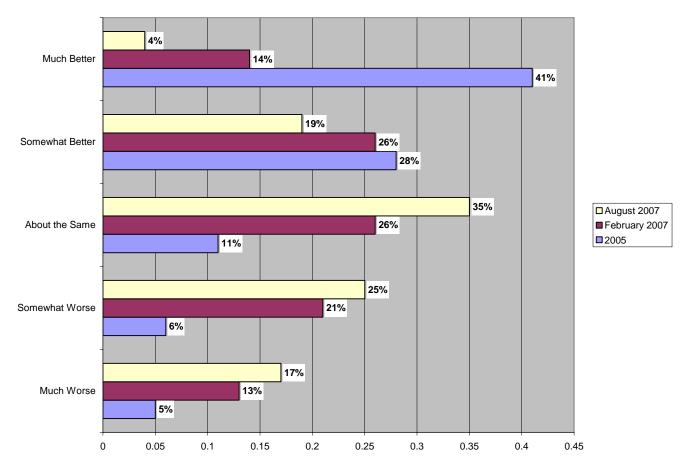
DETAIL OF RESPONSES FOR ABOVE GRAPH

| | FEBRUARY 2007 | | 2007 |
|-------------|---------------|-------|------|
| | Shia | Sunni | Kurd |
| WILLING | 57% | 9% | 61% |
| NOT WILLING | 42% | 90% | 36% |
| | | | |

| SEPTEMBER 2007 | | | |
|----------------|-------|------|--|
| Shia | Sunni | Kurd | |
| 66% | 24% | * | |
| 32% | 76% | * | |
| | | | |

NOTE ON THIS TABLE: Detailed breakdown of Kurdish responses not provided in September 2007 survey.

QUESTION: WHAT IS YOUR EXPECTATION FOR HOW THINGS WILL BE FOR IRAQ A YEAR FROM NOW?



DETAIL OF RESPONSES FOR ABOVE GRAPH

| | FEBRUARY 2007 | | |
|-----------------|---------------|-------|------|
| | Shia | Sunni | Kurd |
| MUCH BETTER | 23% | 1% | 14% |
| SOMEWHAT BETTER | 38% | 4% | 39% |
| ABOUT THE SAME | 22% | 27% | 33% |
| SOMEWHAT WORSE | 13% | 37% | 10% |
| MUCH WORSE | 3% | 30% | 3% |
| | | | |

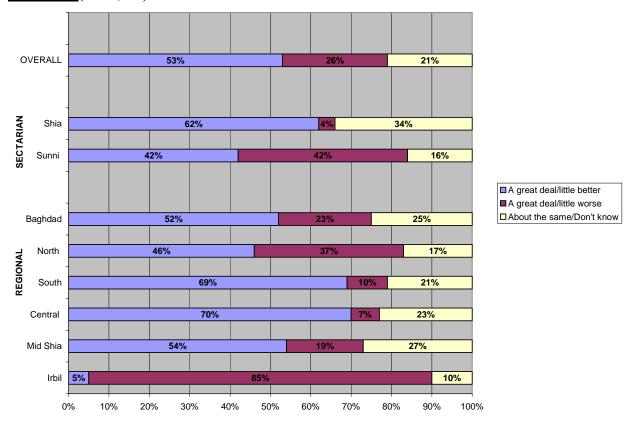
| SEPTEMBER 2007 | | |
|----------------|-------|------|
| Shia | Sunni | Kurd |
| 7% | - | * |
| 32% | 3% | * |
| 43% | 27% | * |
| 14% | 35% | * |
| 4% | 35% | * |
| | | |

NOTE ON THIS TABLE: Detailed breakdown of Kurdish responses not provided in September 2007 survey. No detail available for 2005 survey.

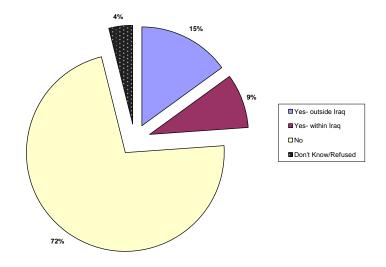
PUBLIC ATTITUDES IN IRAQ: FOUR YEAR ANNIVERSARY OF INVASION¹¹⁶ Conducted by Opinion Research Business

MARCH 2007

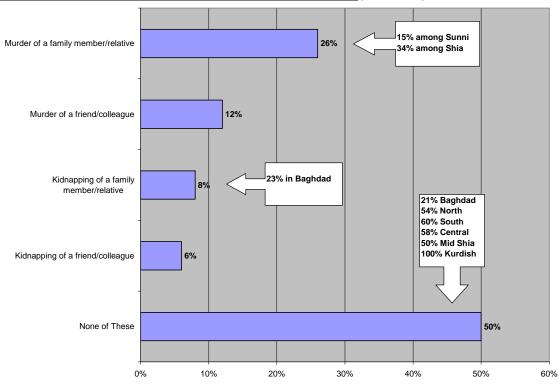
QUESTION: DO YOU BELIEVE THE SECURITY SITUATION IN IRAQ WILL GET BETTER OR WORSE IN THE IMMEDIATE WEEKS FOLLOWING A WITHDRAWAL OF MULTI-NATIONAL FORCES? (N = 5,019)



QUESTION: DO YOU HAVE MEMBERS OF YOUR FAMILY THAT HAVE MOVED AWAY FROM THEIR HOME OVER THE PREVIOUS FOUR YEARS AS A RESULT OF THE SECURITY SITUATION? (N = 5,019)

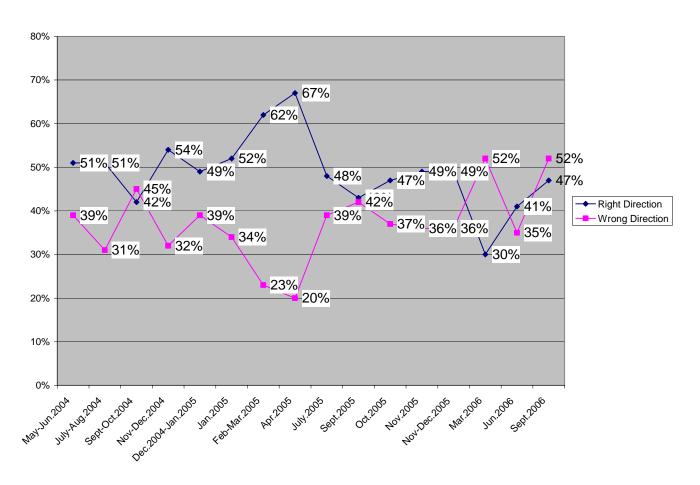


QUESTION: WHICH OF THE FOLLOWING HAVE YOU PERSONALLY EXPERIENCED OR WITNESSED OVER THE PREVIOUS THREE YEARS? (N = 5,019)



SEPTEMBER 27, 2006: WORLD PUBLIC OPINION.ORG PROGRAM ON INTERNATIONAL POLICY ATTITUDES (PIPA) THE IRAQI PUBLIC ON THE US PRESENCE AND THE FUTURE OF IRAQ¹¹⁷

TRENDS FOR QUESTION: DO YOU THINK IRAQ TODAY IS GENERALLY HEADING IN THE RIGHT OR WRONG DIRECTION? (MAY 2004 – SEPTEMBER 2006)



APPROVAL OF ATTACKS ON US-LED FORCES

| | January 2006 | September 2006 |
|---------|--------------|----------------|
| Overall | 47% | 61% |
| Shia | 41% | 62% |
| Sunni | 88% | 92% |
| Kurd | 16% | 15% |

<u>QUESTION TO IRAQIS: PLEASE TELL ME HOW MUCH CONFIDENCE YOU HAVE IN THOSE FORCES TO PROTECT YOUR SECURITY</u>

| Force | Some / A Lot of Confidence | None / Little Confidence |
|-------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------|
| Police | 71% | 30% |
| Iraqi Army | 64% | 37% |
| Iraqi Interior Ministry | 62% | 38% |

QUESTION TO IRAQIS: HOW LIKELY DO YOU THINK IT IS THAT 5 YEARS FROM NOW IRAQ WILL STILL

BE A SINGLE STATE?

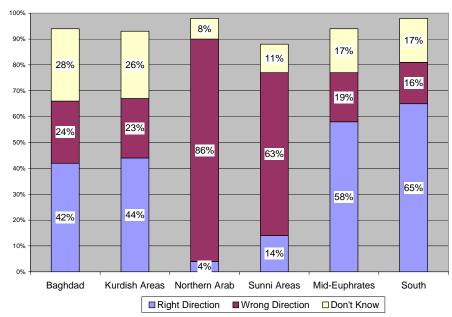
| Very / Somewhat Likely | |
|------------------------------|-----|
| Overall | 72% |
| Shia | 80% |
| Sunni | 56% |
| Kurd | 65% |
| | |
| Not Very / Not At All Likely | |
| Overall | 28% |
| Shia | 19% |
| Sunni | 45% |
| Kurd | 25% |

<u>QUESTION TO IRAQIS: WOULD YOU PREFER TO HAVE A STRONG GOVERNMENT THAT WOULD GET RID OF ALL MILITIAS OR DO YOU THINK IT WOULD BE BETTER TO CONTINUE TO HAVE MILITIAS TO PROTECT YOUR SECURITY?</u>

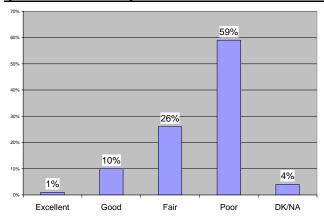
| Strong Government That Would Get Rid of Militias | |
|---|------|
| Overall | 77% |
| Shia | 65% |
| Sunni | 100% |
| Kurd | 82% |
| | |
| Continue To Have Militias | |
| Overall | 21% |
| Shia | 33% |
| Sunni | * |
| Kurd | 15% |

JUNE 14-24, 2006: INTERNATIONAL REPUBLICAN INSTITUTE¹¹⁸

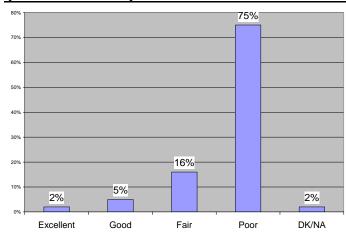
REGIONAL BREAKDOWN FOR QUESTION: DO YOU FEEL THAT IRAQ IS GENERALLY HEADING IN THE RIGHT DIRECTION OR THE WRONG DIRECTION?



QUESTION TO IRAQIS: HOW WOULD YOU RATE THE ECONOMIC CONDITIONS IN IRAQ TODAY?

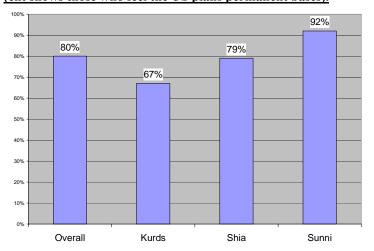


QUESTION TO IRAQIS: HOW WOULD YOU RATE SECURITY CONDITIONS IN IRAQ TODAY?

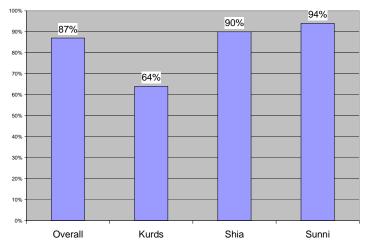


$\textit{JAN. 31, 2006: WORLD PUBLIC OPINION.ORG POLL-WHAT THE IRAQI PUBLIC WANTS}^{119}$

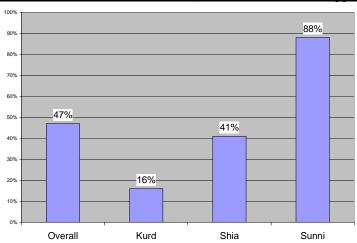
QUESTION TO IRAQIS: DO YOU THINK THE US GOVERNMENT PLANS TO HAVE PERMANENT MILITARY BASES IN IRAQ OR TO REMOVE ALL ITS MILITARY ONCE IRAQ IS STABILIZED? (cht shows those who feel the US plans permanent bases).



QUESTION TO IRAQIS: DO YOU APPROVE THE GOVERNMENT ENDORSING A TIMELINE FOR US WITHDRAWAL? (chart shows those answering yes).



QUESTION TO IRAQIS: DO YOU APPROVE OR DISAPPROVE (STRONGLY OR SOMEWHAT) OF ATTACKS ON US-LED FORCES IN IRAQ? (chart shows those who approve).



¹ Iraq Family Health Survey Study Group, "Violence-Related Mortality in Iraq from 2002 to 2006", *The New England Journal of Medicine*, January 31, 2008.

² Information for May 2003-December 2005 is based upon data from Iraq Body Count. The data for war-related fatalities was calculated at 1.75 times our IBC-based numbers, reflecting the fact that estimates for civilian casualties from the Iraqi Ministry of the Interior were 75 percent higher than those of our Iraq Body Count-based estimate over the aggregate May 2003 – December 2005 period. During this time, we separately studied the crime rate in Iraq, and on that basis estimated 23,000 murders throughout the country. In order to add these back in to our estimate, we used estimated monthly murder rates for Baghdad as a guide in proportionally allocating these 23,000 additional fatalities.

³ UNAMI Human Rights reports accessed at: http://www.uniraq.org/aboutus/HR.asp

⁴ U.S. State Department Weekly Status Report for September 12, 2007, accessed at: http://www.state.gov/documents/organization/92176.pdf Additional briefing slides from November 1, 2007, press briefing accessed at: http://www.defenselink.mil/dodcmsshare/briefingslide/317/071101-D-6570C-001.pdf Gen. William B. Caldwell IV, Press Briefing from Iraq, February 21, 2007. Accessible at: http://www.mnf-

iraq.com/index.php?option=com_content&task=view&id=10125&Itemid=131. Joshua Partlow, "Iraqi Troops, Tribesmen Kill 50 Suspected Insurgents", Washington Post, March 1, 2007. Gen. William B. Caldwell IV, Press briefing from Iraq, April 4, 2007. Adm. Mark Fox, Press Briefing from Iraq, May 2, 2007. U.S. Secretary of Defense Robert Gates, Ambassador Ryan Crocker and General David Petraeus, Press Briefing from Iraq, June 18, 2007.

Gen. Raymond Odierno, "The Situation Room" program, CNN, February 28, 2007. Gerry J. Gilmore, "Baghdad security efforts seem to yield results", Armed Forces Press Service, March 8, 2007. Gen. David Petraeus, Press Briefing from Baghdad, March 8, 2007.

Gen. Ray Odierno, Press Briefing from Iraq, May 31, 2007. Available at: http://www.defenselink.mil/transcripts/transcript.aspx?transcriptid=3973

⁸ GAO-08-231T, "Securing, Stabilizing and Rebuilding Iraq", statement of Joseph A. Christoff, General Accounting Office, October 30, 2007, page 5.

⁹ Monthly figures from January 2005 and onwards from Iraq Coalition Casualty Count, (www.icasualties.org/oif/IraqiDeaths.aspx).

¹⁰ Richard Mauer, "Iraq Tally: Bombs Up, Fewer Dead", *Miami Herald*, March 1, 2007. Rear Adm. Mark Fox, Press Briefing from Iraq, February 28, 2007. Accessible at: http://www.mnf-iraq.com/index.php?option=com_content&task=view&id=10271&Itemid=131

¹¹ Gen. William B. Caldwell IV, Press Briefing from Iraq, February 14 and February 21, 2007. Richard Mauer, "Iraq Tally: Bombs Up, Fewer Dead", *Miami Herald*, March 1, 2007. Jay Deshmukh, "Shiites mourn slaying of pilgrims in Baghdad", *Agence France Presse*, March 12, 2007. Gen. William B. Caldwell IV, Press Briefing from Iraq, March 14, 2007. Rear Admiral Mark Fox, Press Conference from Iraq, April 1, 2007. Gen. Raymond Odierno, Press Briefing from Iraq, May 31, 2007. Available at: http://www.defenselink.mil/transcripts/transcript.aspx?transcriptid=3973 Jim Michaels, "Under New Baghdad Plan, U.S. Is A Careful Referee", *USA Today*, June 27, 2007. RADM Gregory Smith, Press Briefing from Iraq, February 20, 2008.

^{12 &}quot;Baghdad car bomb kills four", Agence France Presse, September 2, 2007. 4 killed and 8 wounded by car bomb. David Rising, "6 U.S. troops, 13 civilians killed in attacks around Baghdad, U.S. and Iraqi officials say", Associated Press, September 5, 2007. 16 killed and 27 wounded by 2 roadside bombs. "Seven US troops killed in Iraq", Agence France Presse, September 7, 2007. 3 killed by roadside bomb. Jay Deshmukh, "Car bomber kills 15 in Baghdad Shiite bastion", Agence France Presse, September 8, 2007. 15 killed and 45 wounded by suicide car bomb. Ammar Karim, "Ten killed in Iraq bombings, shootings", Agence France Presse, September 8, 2007. "Ten police, soldiers killed in Iraq attacks", Agence France Presse, September 9, 2007. 5 killed and 12 injured by suicide truck bomb. "Truck bomb kills five in northern Iraq", Agence France Presse, September 10, 2007. 9 killed and 22 injured by truck bomb. 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Bushra Juhi, "Iraqi police: 3 killed, 10 wounded in suicide car bomb blast in Baghdad's Jamila neighborhood near busy market", Associated Press Worldstream, September 17, 2007. 3 killed and 10 wounded by car bomb. Sinan Salaheddin, "Three car bombs, two roadside bombs ni Baghdad kill at least 18 people, wound 63, police say", Associated Press Worldstream, September 18, 2007. 18 killed and 63 wounded by 2 car bombs and one roadside bomb. "Bombs kill more than 40 in Iraq in less than 24 hours", Agence France Presse, September 25, 2007. 6 killed and 37 wounded by 1 suicide car bomb and 2 car bombs. Alexandra Zavis, "Iraq suicide bomber kills 25 at Shiite-Sunni meeying; Forty are injured in the Baqubah attack, including two U.S. soldiers. The death toll is expected to rise", Los Angeles Times, September 25, 2007. 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"Baghdad bombings kill 9", Agence France Presse, October 7, 2007. 9 killed and 12 injured by 2 roadside bombs and a car bomb. "Wave of bombings kills 20 Iraqis", Agence France Presse, October 8, 2007. 18 killed and 36 wounded by 2 car bombs (1 suicide). Kim Gamel, "Car Bombs Kill 24 in Iraq", Associated Press Online, October 8, 2007. 4 killed and 10 wounded by suicide car bomb. Hassan al-Obeidi, "Bombings and shootings kill 33 in Iraq", Agence France Presse, October 9, 2007. 19 killed and 50 wounded by 2 suicide car bombs. "Baghdad bomb blasts kill 12", Agence France Presse, October 9, 2007. 8 killed and 35 injured by car bomb. "Car bomb kills 4 in Iraq's Tikrit", Agence France Presse, October 9, 2007. 4 killed and 8 wounded by a car bomb. "Suicide car bomber kills at least 8 in Baghdad café", Agence France Presse, October 11, 2007. 8 killed and 25 injured by suicide car bomb. Yahya Barazanji, "Suicide car bomber strikes police convoy near market in northern city of Kirkuk", Associated Press Worldstream. October 11, 2007. 7 killed and 50 wounded by suicide car bomb. "Car bomb kills four in crowded Baghdad square", Agence France Presse, October 12, 2007. 4 killed and 15 killed by car bomb. "Iraq bombs and shootings kill at least 32", Agence France Presse, October 14, 2007. 10 killed and 18 injured by car bomb. Bushra Juhi, "Parked car bomb targets minibus carrying worshippers to Baghdad shrine, kills 9", Associated Press, October 14, 2007. 18 killed and 27 wounded by suicide car bomb. "Parked car bomb explodes near amusement park in Baghdad, killing at least 6", Associated Press Worldstream, October 15, 2007. 6 killed and 25 injured by car bomb. "Six killed by Baghdad car bomb", Agence France Presse, October 16, 2007. 6 killed and 25 wounded by car bomb. 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"Car bomb kills 6 in Iraqi Shiite holy city", Agence France Presse, October 28, 2007. 6 killed and 26 injured by car bomb. Sinan Salaheddin, "Car bomb kills 8, wounds 26 in disputed city of Kirkuk", Associated Press Worldstream, October 28, 2007. 8 killed and 26 wounded by suicide car bomb. Steven R. Hurst, "Suicide bomber on bicycle kills 29 in Iraqi tow nof Baquoba; kidnapped sheiks freed", Associated Press, October 29, 2007. 29 killed 19 wounded by suicide vest bomber. "Three US soldiers killed in Iraq", Agence France Presse, October 30, 2007. 3 killed by roadside bomb. "16 killed in Iraq attacks", Agence France Presse, November 1, 2007. 16 killed and 22 wounded by bomb, roadside bomb, and suicide car bomb. Sinan Salaheddin, "Iraq Finance Ministry aide killed with driver, 13 others dead across Iraq", Associated Press, November 4, 2007. 3 killed by car bomb. Damien Cave, "Six Soldiers Are killed as Year Becomes Deadliest for U.S. in Iraq", New York Times, November 7, 2007. 3 killed by roadside bomb. "Anti-al-Qaeda leaders killed in Karmah, western Iraq", Associated Press Worldstream, November 7, 2007. 6 killed by roadside bomb. "Seven killed in Iraq attacks", Agence France Presse, November 10, 2007. 8 killed by roadside bomb and suicide bomb. Sinan Salaheddin, "Key Sadrist calls for new parliament; 9 killed in violence across Iraq", Associated Press, November 13, 2007. 4

killed and 2 injured by roadside bomb. Bryan Peterson, "Baghdad blast shows security 'fragile': US", Agence France Presse, November 14, 2007. 3 killed and 8 wounded by roadside bomb. "Suicide attack on Iraq police in Kirkuk kills seven", Agence France Presse, November 15, 2007. 7 killed and 20 injured by suicide car bomb. Jay Deshmukh, "Iraq suicide attack kills three US soldiers", Agence France Presse, November 18, 2007. 6 killed and 23 injured by roadside bomb and car bomb. Kim Gamel, "Bombs Strike Children, US Troops in Iraq", Associated Press Online, November 18, 2007. 16 killed and 28 wounded by a suicide bomb and car bomb. Bushra Juhi, "Suicide car bomb kills at least 6 in former Iraqi insurgent base of Ramadi", Associated Press, November 21, 2007. 6 killed and 13 wounded by suicide car bomb. Mohammed Ameer, "13 killed as Baghdad pet market bombed", Agence France Presse, November 23, 2007. 24 killed and 77 inured by 2 suicide car bombs and 2 bombs. "12 killed in Baghdad bombings", Agence France Presse, November 25, 2007. 9 killed and 30 wounded by car bomb. Salam Faraj, "US fire kills Iraqi civilians as 'shepherd' bombs police", Agence France Presse, November 27, 2007. 7 killed and 7 wounded by suicide bomber. "Suicide bomber strikes police station northeast of Baghdad, killing at least 8, wounding 30", Associated Press, December 4, 2007. 8 killed and 30 wounded by suicide bomb. Hamza Hendawi, "Car bombing shatters calm in 1 of Baghdad's quietest Shiite neighborhoods", Associated Press, December 5, 2007. 24 killed and 70 injured by 2 car bombs and one suicide car bomb. Ali al-Tuwajri, "26 killed in Iraq bomb attacks on anti-Qaeda fronts", Agence France Presse, December 7, 2007. 26 killed and 35 wounded by suicide bomb and suicide car bomb. Hamid Ahmed, "Suicide truck bomber attacks police station in northern Iraq oil hub, killing 7", Associated Press, December 8, 2007. 7 killed and 13 injured by suicide truck bomb. 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- 65 Author's estimate based on Bradley Graham, "Rumsfeld Defends Iraqi Forces," Washington Post, October 1, 2005, in which Graham lists 36 out of 116 army and special police battalions at Level 2 readiness. This percentage was used to estimate the number of number of troops.

66 Lt. Gen. David Petraeus, speech at the St. Regis Hotel, Washington, DC, November 7, 2005.

- ⁶⁷ October 2005 numbers are according to Lt. Gen. David Petraeus, speech at the St. Regis Hotel, Washington, DC, November 7, 2005. The statistic of 32,000 in level I and II readiness is based upon Petraeus citation of 40 so prepared battalions and author's assumption that one battalion equals approximately 750 to 800 troops. Petraeus also stated that the number of 211,000 total Iraqi Security Forces is headed towards 325,000. Iraqi Security Forces have 20,000 vehicles in all, although the number of well-armored vehicles is much lower (author's estimate: about 300).
- 68 Measuring Stability and Security in Iraq February 2006, Report to Congress in Accordance with the Department of Defense Appropriations Act 2006 (Section 9010), page 37 and 38.
- The Economist Intelligence Unit, cited by "Index Ranks Middle East Freedom," BBC News Online, 18 November 2005, http://news.bbc.co.uk/2/hi/middle_east/4450582.stm, accessed 18 November 2005.

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- http://www.rsf.org/article.php3?id_article=24025
- Transparency International Annual CPI reports accessed at: http://www.transparency.org/policy_research/surveys_indices/cpi
- ⁷² National Strategy for Victory in Iraq, National Security Council, November 2005, page 16.
- ⁷³ "Iraq's New Legislature," Washington Post, January 26, 2006.
- ⁷⁴ "Iraq's Shrinking Government", Agence France Presse, August 7, 2007. "Iraq's Leadership", website of Private Security Company Association of Iraq. Accessed at: http://www.pscai.org/iraqileadership.html Amit R. Paley, "Iraq Moves to Repeal Immunity for Guards", Washington Post, October 31, 2007.
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- ⁷⁶ "Iraq Fact Sheet: Oil," *Joint Staff & CPA*, Unclassified. Provided to the author by CPA/DoD. As of December 11, 2003.
- 77 Ibid.
- ⁷⁸ Ibid.
- 79 Ibid.
- 80 "Iraq Fact Sheet: Oil, "Joint Chiefs and CPA, January 13, 2004. "Draft Working Papers: Iraq Status," Department of Defense, 20 January, 2004. Unclassified. Provided to the author by the CPA/DoD. Based on two week estimate.
- 81"Iraq Fact Sheet: Oil," Joint Chiefs and CPA, January 13, 2004.
- 82 "Iraq Fact Sheet: Power "Joint Staff and CPA, March 15, 2004.
- 83 "Iraq Fact Sheet: Oil," Joint Staff and CPA, April 20, 2004. "Iraq Fact Sheet: Oil," Joint Staff and CPA, April 20, 2004.
- 84 "Iraq Fact Sheet: Oil," Joint Staff and CPA, May 25, 2004.
- 85 Ibid.
- ⁸⁶ Draft Working Papers: Iraq Status," Department of State, October 6, 2004.
- ⁸⁷ Draft Working Papers: Iraq Status," *Department of State*, August 4, 2004.
- 88 Draft Working Papers: Iraq Status," *Department of State*, October 6, 2004.
 89 The statistics for September 2005 are based on incomplete data and represent averages for approximately half of the month.

- 90 U.S. State Department's "Iraq Weekly Status Report" did not provide production amounts of diesel, kerosene, gasoline or LPG for the week of December 18-25 so averages for these categories are only for the 24 days in December for which exact figures are known.
- 91 Country Report No. 05/294: Iraq: 2005 Article IV Consultation Staff Report; Staff Supplement; Public Information Notice on the Executive Board Discussion; and Statement by the Executive Director for Iraq, International Monetary Fund, August 2005, p. 11.
- ⁹² Iraq Weekly Status Report, Department of State. Accessed at: http://www.state.gov/p/nea/rls/rpt/iraqstatus/. The number presented reflects the total oil revenue for the month. Data for a complete month is typically available in the Weekly Status Report for the first week of the next month.

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- *The data for November for the average hours of electricity per day is updated in our source, representing the entire month. The numbers for average amount of electricity generated and average MW hours represents data through the 21st of November only. The data for December 2005 and thereafter for the average amount of electricity generated and average MW hours is estimated based on the graph relating to electricity in the Iraq Weekly Status Report, Department of State.

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adults. The data were weighted to the following targets (Shia Arab, 55%, Sunni Arab 22%, Kurd 18%, other 5%) in order to properly represent the Iraqi ethnic/religious communities. The sample design was a multi-stage area probability sample conducted in all 18 Iraqi provinces including Baghdad. Urban and rural areas were proportionally represented. A 94% contact rate and 74% completion rate were achieved.